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Honorable Henry A. Kissinger The Secretary of State 20520 Washington, D. C.

Deer Mr. Secretary:

- Mr. R. G. Held

- Mr. J. B. Adams

- Mr. D. W. Moore

- Mr. F. C. Fehl

October 20, 1976

1 - Mr. R. J. Gallagher

- Mr. T. W. Leavitt

- Mr. J. O. Ingram

- Mr. V. Y. Kolombatovic

11 - Mr. S. S. Mignona

(Atta: E. T. Castonguay) - Er. J. G. Deegan

- Br. J. P. Grebang 🗆

In connection with the loss of Cubase Airkines Flight Number 455 on October 6, 1976, in the Caribbean Sea. and with specific regard to the fact that the same of Special Agent Joseph S. Leo of this Bursan, our Level Attache (Legat) in Caracas, Venezuela, was found in the possession of one of the individuals supported as being implicated in that disaster, the following recapitulation of information is set forth for your assistance.

On October 6. 1976, a Cuban operated DC-6 Liveraft. Cubana Airlines Flight Number 485, crashed into the sea some sixteen mimutes after taking off from Seawell Airport, Barbados, en route to Eingston, Jamaica, and thereafter to Havana, Cuba. The pilot of the aircraft was monitored as stating that an explosion had occurred on board and he was then attempting to return to Barbados. There were no survivors of the orash. Following that incident, two Venezuelan citizens, Jose Vazquez Garcia and Freddy Lugo, were detained by Trinidad and Tobago authorities as suspects, in the possible sabotage of that aircraft.

A confidential source abroad who has reported reliable information in the past advised that Freddy Lago is employed by Luis Possela,

Posses has been identifie

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exile who is known for his anti-Castro activities and who has reportedly assisted one Orlando Bosch Avila. The latter individual is a known terrorist who is the head of Coordinacion de Organizaciones Revolucionarias Unidas (Coordination of United Revolutionary Organizations) (CCRU). The confidential source referred to above has all but admitted that Posada and Bosch engineered the bombing of the Cubana Aircraft.

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CORU was formed in June, 1976, by five anti-Castro terrorist groups at a meeting in Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic. CORU is headed by Bosch and one Frank Castro, who has also been identified as an anti-Castro Cuban exile. Since that time, CORU has publicly accepted responsibility for numerous acts of terrorism, including murders and bombings.

Association of Legat, Caracas, with Suspects

](X/W)

Our Legat in Caracas became acquainted with Luis Posada

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Caracas, on few occasions, usually in connection with Legat, caracas, on few occasions, usually in connection with obtaining personal services involving visa requests. Posada referred his relatives and associates to Legat, Caracas, for visa information. On September 30, 1976, and again on October 1, 1976, Hernan Ricardo Lorano, one of Posada's employees, attempted to obtain a visa through Legat so that he could travel to San Juan, Puerto Rico.

On October 8, 1976, the confidential source mentioned above reported that Jose Vazquez Garcia, one of the suspects arrested by Trinidad and Tobago authorities, is actually identical with Hernan Ricardo Lozano and that both Ricardo and Lugo were part of the support group in the sabotage operation directed against Cubana Airlines Flight Number 455. According to the same source, the bomb aboard the aircraft was supposed to explode prior to its takeoff from Barbados (**)

Legat, Caracas, advised that Ricardo Lozano became known to him in June, 1974, when Ricardo sought visa assistance

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himself as a newspaper reporter and photographer affiliated

On Santant

On September 30, 1976, Ricardo appeared unannounced at the American Embassy and requested assistance in obtaining a visa to U. S. since he had a photographic assignment for "Vision" Puerto Rico. Ricardo stated that he intended to leave on October 1, 1976, and since a travel agency told him the visa process would take three days, he requested Legat's assistance.

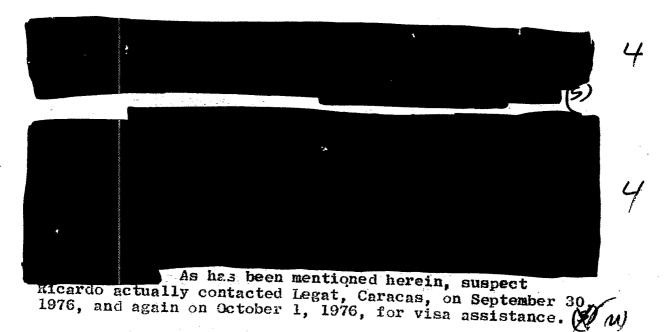
A review of Ricardo's passport disclosed that he traveled from Caracas to Port-of-Spain, Trinidad, on August 29, 1976, and returned to Caracas, Venezuela, on September 1, 1976. Legat, Caracas, recalled that the bombing of the Guyanese Consulate in Port-of-Spain occurred at approximately 10:15 a.m., September 1, 1976. CORU has Caracas, informed the Chief, Nonimmigrant Visa Section (NIVS), American Embassy, that he wished so special consideration for Ricardo and specifically requested that the issuance of a visa to Ricardo be considered on its own merits.

On October 1, 1976, at the request of Ricardo, Legat communicated with a Vice Consul who wished to know if Legat believed Ricardo would return to Venezuela after his visit to the U.S., or if he was likely to remain there illegally. Legat informed the Vice Consul he had no reason to believe Ricardo would not return to Caracas.

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This matter is being followed most closely and you will be kept completely informed of all pertinent developments.

Sincerely yours,

Clarence M. Kelley Director

1 - The Attorney General

1 - The Deputy Attorney General

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NOTE:

By memorandum J. G. Deegan to Mr. R. J. Gallagher, 10/12/76, details regarding the crash of Cubana airliner, the arrest of two Venezuelan citizens by the Trinidad and Tobago Police and of the fact that name of Legat, Caracas, was found in the possession of one of the arrested suspects were furnished.

On 10/11/76, an American Embassy Georgetown (Guyana) to Department of State (DOS) teletype reflected that the Guyanese Prime Minister, after returning from Barbados, reported that Cuba intended to "smear the U. S." with part of the blame for the crash. The Prime Minister said that the Trinidad and Tobago Police were suspicious of CIA involvement (initially believing Legat, Caracas, to be with CIA) and involvement of the U. S. Ambassador with Eric Sealy. Sealy is a Barbadian suspected of being involved in the aircraft sabotage and is apparently a friend of a U. S. Ambassador. The Prime Minister stated that the Cubans had seen the address book containing Legat's name. Details not known regarding Sealy's involvement with the U. S. Ambassador or with this case. (U)

By teletype, 10/12/76, from Embassy Caracas to DOS and Embassy Georgetown, it was suggested that the Prime Minister be reminded by Embassy Georgetown that the Prime Minister knows Legat as do the Guyanese Police since Legat has briefed the Prime Minister on previous occasions. Also it was pointed out that Legat has no connection with CIA

CIA has advised that a search of their files reflects no information regarding suspects Ricardo and Lugo. According to CIA, however, Luis Posada Carriles, former head of DISIP, is known to them.

after Remada lost his position with DISIP is the due to a change in the Venezuelan Government.

unsuccessaully sought assistance regarding a visa problem

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