

Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp

NetApp Solutions

NetApp May 17, 2024

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/netapp-solutions/containers/rh-osn_use_case_advanced_cluster_management_overview.html on May 17, 2024. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp

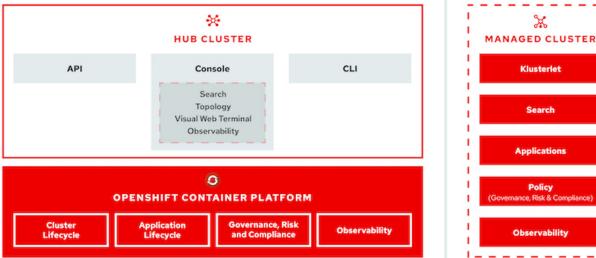
Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes: Red Hat **OpenShift with NetApp - Overview**

As a containerized application transitions from development to production, many organizations require multiple Red Hat OpenShift clusters to support the testing and deployment of that application. In conjunction with this, organizations usually host multiple applications or workloads on OpenShift clusters. Therefore, each organization ends up managing a set of clusters, and OpenShift administrators must thus face the added challenge of managing and maintaining multiple clusters across a range of environments that span multiple on-premises data centers and public clouds. To address these challenges, Red Hat introduced Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes.

Red Hat Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes enables you to perform the following tasks:

- 1. Create, import, and manage multiple clusters across data centers and public clouds
- 2. Deploy and manage applications or workloads on multiple clusters from a single console
- 3. Monitor and analyze health and status of different cluster resources
- Monitor and enforce security compliance across multiple clusters

Red Hat Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes is installed as an add-on to a Red Hat OpenShift cluster, and it uses this cluster as a central controller for all its operations. This cluster is known as hub cluster, and it exposes a management plane for the users to connect to Advanced Cluster Management. All the other OpenShift clusters that are either imported or created via the Advanced Cluster Management console are managed by the hub cluster and are called managed clusters. It installs an agent called Klusterlet on the managed clusters to connect them to the hub cluster and serve the requests for different activities related to cluster lifecycle management, application lifecycle management, observability, and security compliance.





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For more information, see the documentation here.

Deployment

Deploy Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes

This section covers advanced cluster management for Kubernetes on Red Hat OpenShift with NetApp.

Prerequisites

- 1. A Red Hat OpenShift cluster (greater than version 4.5) for the hub cluster
- 2. Red Hat OpenShift clusters (greater than version 4.4.3) for managed clusters
- 3. Cluster-admin access to the Red Hat OpenShift cluster
- 4. A Red Hat subscription for Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes

Advanced Cluster Management is an add-on on for the OpenShift cluster, so there are certain requirements and restrictions on the hardware resources based on the features used across the hub and managed clusters. You need to take these issues into account when sizing the clusters. See the documentation here for more details.

Optionally, if the hub cluster has dedicated nodes for hosting infrastructure components and you would like to install Advanced Cluster Management resources only on those nodes, you need to add tolerations and selectors to those nodes accordingly. For more details, see the documentation here.

Deploy Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes

To install Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes on an OpenShift cluster, complete the following steps:

- 1. Choose an OpenShift cluster as the hub cluster and log into it with cluster-admin privileges.
- 2. Navigate to Operators > Operators Hub and search for Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes.

Schemen Administrator	You are logged in as a temporary administrative user. Update the <u>cluster OAuth configuration</u> to allow others to log in					
•• Administrator		Project: default 🛛 👻				
Home	~	All Items	All Items			
Overview						450 iter
Projects		Al/Machine Learning	Filter by keyword			450 itel
Search		Application Runtime				
Explore		Big Data Cloud Provider	Community			
Events		Database	Community		akka	
		Developer Tools	3scale API Management	Advanced Cluster Management	Akka Cluster Operator	
perators	~	Development Tools	provided by Red Hat	for Kubernetes	provided by Lightbend, Inc.	
		Drivers And Plugins	3scale Operator to provision	provided by Red Hat	Run Akka Cluster applications on	
OperatorHub		Integration & Delivery	3scale and publish/manage API	Advanced provisioning and management of OpenShift and	Kubernetes.	
Installed Operators		Logging & Tracing		Kubernetes clusters		
		Modernization & Migration				

3. Select Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes and click Install.



Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes

2.2.3 provided by Red Hat



Latest version	Red Hat Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes provides the multicluster hub, a central
2.2.3	management console for managing multiple Kubernetes-based clusters across data centers, public
Capability level Sasic Install	clouds, and private clouds. You can use the hub to create Red Hat OpenShift Container Platform clusters on selected providers, or import existing Kubernetes-based clusters. After the clusters are managed, you can set compliance requirements to ensure that the clusters maintain the specified
Seamless Upgrades	security requirements. You can also deploy business applications across your clusters.
│ Full Lifecycle │ Deep Insights	Red Hat Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes also provides the following operators:
Auto Pilot	 Multicluster subscriptions: An operator that provides application management capabilties including subscribing to resources from a channel and deploying those resources on MCH-managed
Provider type	Kubernetes clusters based on placement rules.
Red Hat	 Hive for Red Hat OpenShift: An operator that provides APIs for provisioning and performing initial configuration of OpenShift clusters. These operators are used by the multicluster hub to provide its
Provider	provisioning and application-management capabilities.
Red Hat	How to Install
Infrastructure features	
Disconnected	Use of this Red Hat product requires a licensing and subscription agreement.

4. On the Install Operator screen, provide the necessary details (NetApp recommends retaining the default parameters) and click Install.

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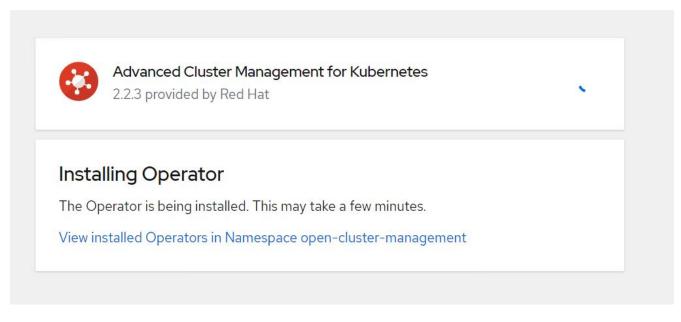
OperatorHub > Operator Installation

Install Operator

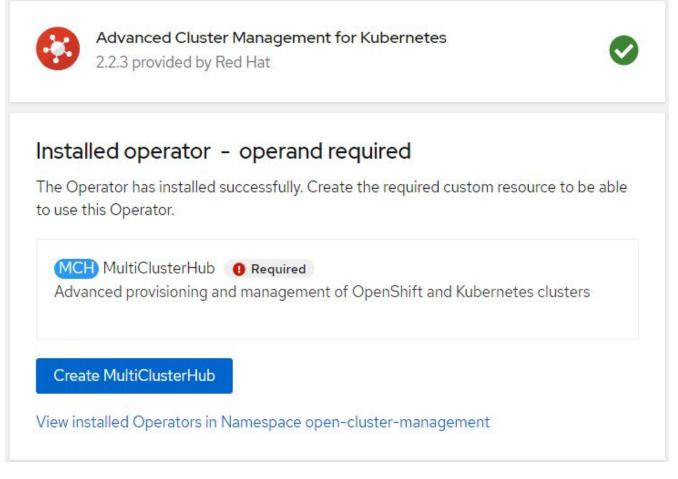
Install your Operator by subscribing to one of the update channels to keep the Operator up to date. The strategy determines either manual or automatic updates.

Update channel *	
O release-2.0	
O release-2.1	
release-2.2	
Installation mode *	
 All namespaces on the cluster (default) 	
This mode is not supported by this Operator	
A specific namespace on the cluster	
Operator will be available in a single Namespace only.	
Installed Namespace *	
Operator recommended Namespace: PR open-cluster-management	
Namespace creation Namespace open-cluster-management does not exist and will be created.	
 Select a Namespace 	
Approval strategy *	
Automatic	
O Manual	
Instal Cancel	
Instant Caricer	

5. Wait for the operator installation to complete.



6. After the operator is installed, click Create MultiClusterHub.



7. On the Create MultiClusterHub screen, click Create after furnishing the details. This initiates the installation of a multi-cluster hub.

Project: open-cluster-management 🛛 👻	
Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes > Create MultiClusterHub	
Create MultiClusterHub	
Create by completing the form. Default values may be provided by the Operator authors.	
Configure via:	
1 Note: Some fields may not be represented in this form view. Please select "YAML view" for full control.	MultiClusterHub provided by Red Hat MultiClusterHub defines the configuration for an instance of the MultiCluster Hub
Name *	
multiclusterhub	
Labels	
app=frontend	
Advanced configuration	
Create	

8. After all the pods move to the Running state in the open-cluster-management namespace and the operator moves to the Succeeded state, Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes is installed.

Installed Operators

Installed Operators are represented by ClusterServiceVersions within this Namespace. For more information, see the Understanding Operators documentation **g**. Or create an Operator and ClusterServiceVersion using the Operator SDK **g**.

Name	 Search by name 				
Name	t	Managed Namespaces 1	Status	Provided APIs	
	Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes	NS open-cluster-management	Succeeded Up to date	MultiClusterHub ClusterManager ClusterDeployment	**
	2.2.3 provided by Red Hat			ClusterState View 25 more	

9. It takes some time to complete the hub installation, and, after it is done, the MultiCluster hub moves to Running state.

			ster Management 1 y Red Hat						Actions -	<u> </u>
Details	Y	'AML	Subscription	Event	s All instances	MultiClusterHub	ClusterManager	ClusterDeploy	ment Clus	terS
	1								an in the second second second second second	
MultiC	lu	sterH	ubs					Creat	e MultiClusterHul	þ
MultiC			ubs vy name		/			Creat	e MultiClusterHut	b
	•			Kind		Status 🗊	Labels	Creat	e MultiClusterHut	b

10. It creates a route in the open-cluster-management namespace. Connect to the URL in the route to access the Advanced Cluster Management console.

Project: open-cl	luster-managem	ent 🔻			
Routes				1	Create Route
▼ Filter ▼	Name 🔻 n	nul			
Name mul X	Clear all filters				
Name 1		Status	Location 1	Service 1	
RT multicloud-	console	Accepted	https://multicloud- console.apps.ocp- vmware2.cie.netapp.com 🗗	S management-ingress	0 0

Features

Cluster Lifecycle Management

To manage different OpenShift clusters, you can either create or import them into Advanced Cluster Management.

- 1. First navigate to Automate Infrastructures > Clusters.
- 2. To create a new OpenShift cluster, complete the following steps:
 - a. Create a provider connection: Navigate to Provider Connections and click Add a Connection, provide all the details corresponding to the selected provider type and click Add.

Select a provider and enter basic information
Provider * ③
aws Amazon Web Services
Connection name * ③
nik-hcl-aws
Namespace * (9)
default 🔹
Configure your provider connection
Base DNS domain ③
cie.netapp.com
AWS access key ID * ③
AKIATCFBZDOIASDSAH
AWS secret access key * ③
Red Hat OpenShift pull secret * ③
FuS3pNbktVaHpINFc2MkZsbmtBVGN6TktmUlZXcHcxOW9teEZwQ0lYZld3cjJobGxJeDBQN0xlZEOyeGM5Q0ZwZk5RR2JUanlxNnNUM2lRb0FJb UFjNC1BYlpEWVZEOHItNkxTMDZPUVpoWFRHcGwtREIDQ2RSYlJRaTlxbldLT2oyQ3pVeUJfNliwcENSa2YyOUsyLWZGSFVfNA==","email":"Nikhil.k ulkarni@netapp.com"},"registry.redhat.io":
SSH private key * ③
BEGIN OPENSSH PRIVATE KEY b3BlbnNzaC1rZXktdjEAAAAABG5vbmUAAAAEbasdadssadm9uZQAAAAAAAABAAAAMwAAAAtzc2gtZW QyNTUxOQAAACCLcwLgAvSIHAeP+DevIRNzaG2zkNreMIZ/UHyf0UWvAAAAAJh/wa6xf8Gu
SSH public key * ③
ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3NzaC1lZD11NTE5AAAAIItzAuAC746agdh21cB4/4N6/VE3NobbOQ2t4zVn9QfJ/RRa8A root@nik-rhel8

b. To create a new cluster, navigate to Clusters and click Add a Cluster > Create a Cluster. Provide the details for the cluster and the corresponding provider and click Create.

Cluster name * 🕐	
rh-aws	
Distribution	
elect the type of Kubernetes distribution to use for your cluster.	
Red Hat	
OpenShift	
Select an infrastructure provider to host your Red Hat OpenShift cluster.	
Amazon Web Services Google Cloud	Microsoft Azure
Web Services	
VMware Bare vSphere Metal	
Release image * 💿	
	0 -
quay.io/openshift-release-dev/ocp-release:4.7.12-x86_64	0 ·
Provider connection * 💿	
nik-hcl-aws	0 -

c. After the cluster is created, it appears in the cluster list with the status Ready.

3. To import an existing cluster, complete the following steps:

- a. Navigate to Clusters and click Add a Cluster > Import an Existing Cluster.
- b. Enter the name of the cluster and click Save Import and Generate Code. A command to add the existing cluster is displayed.
- c. Click Copy Command and run the command on the cluster to be added to the hub cluster. This initiates the installation of the necessary agents on the cluster, and, after this process is complete, the cluster appears in the cluster list with status Ready.

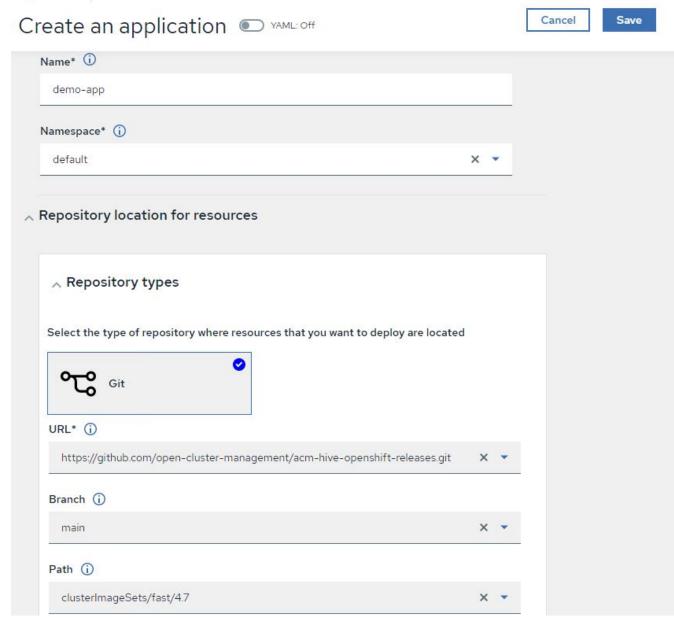
ditional labels	
	ate code", the information you entered will be used to generate the code and cannot be ny information, you will have to delete and re-import this cluster.
Code generated successfully	Import saved
Run a command	
1. Copy this command	
	nmand automatically copied to your clipboard.
Copy command 🌆	
2. Run this command with kube	ectl configured for your targeted cluster to start the import
	your terminal and run the command.

4. After you create and import multiple clusters, you can monitor and manage them from a single console.

Application lifecycle management

To create an application and manage it across a set of clusters,

1. Navigate to Manage Applications from the sidebar and click Create Application. Provide the details of the application you would like to create and click Save.



2. After the application components are installed, the application appears in the list.

ation					
					Create applic
Namespace	Clusters î ?	Recource 1 (?)	Time window	1 0	Created 1
default	Local	Git 🗹		* 0	8 days ago
			1-1of1 🔻	« «	1 of1 > >>
	Namespace 1 default	•		default Local Git 🗹	default Local Git 🗹

3. The application can now be monitored and managed from the console.

Governance and risk

This feature allows you to define the compliance policies for different clusters and make sure that the clusters adhere to it. You can configure the policies to either inform or remediate any deviations or violations of the rules.

- 1. Navigate to Governance and Risk from the sidebar.
- 2. To create compliance policies, click Create Policy, enter the details of the policy standards, and select the clusters that should adhere to this policy. If you want to automatically remediate the violations of this policy, select the checkbox Enforce if Supported and click Create.

Governance and risk / Policies /

Create policy () VAML: Off

Name *	
policy-complianceoperator	
Namespace * 🛈	
default	· ·
Specifications * (j)	
ComplianceOperator	
Cluster selector (j)	
1× local-cluster: "true"	-
Standards ()	
NIST-CSF	
Categories (j)	
PR.IP Information Protection Processes and Procedures	
Controls (j)	
PR.IP-1 Baseline Configuration	•
Enforce if supported (j)	
Disable policy ()	

3. After all the required policies are configured, any policy or cluster violations can be monitored and remediated from Advanced Cluster Management.

Create policy

Governance and risk 🛈

Summary 1	Standar	rds 💌							~
NIST-CSF									
Q Find policies	No violations fo Based on the indus policy violations.	rund try standards, there a	are no cluster or				Polic	ies Cluster vio	lations
Policy name 1	Namespace 1	Remediation 1	Cluster violations	Stand	lards 🕽	Categories 1	Controls 1	Created ↓	
policy- complianceoper ator	default	inform	⊘ 0/1	NIST-	CSF	PR.IP Information Protection Processes and Procedures	PR.IP-1 Baseline Configuration	32 minutes ago	:
						1 - 1 of 1	• « ‹	1 of 1 >	>>

Observability

Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes provides a way to monitor the nodes, pods, and applications, and workloads across all the clusters.

1. Navigate to Observe Environments > Overview.

Red Hat Advanced Cluster M	lanagement for Kubernetes				III Q. ⊕ 🖬 ⑦ kube:admin.♥
Overview					+ Add provider connection C Refresh every Im Lest update 123613 AM
Other 3 _{cluster}					
Summary					
O Applications	3 Clusters	1 Kubernetes type	1 Region	20 Nodes	1135 Pods
	3 Compliant 0 Non-compliant	100% Running 0	28 Running Pending Failed	Cluster status 3	3 Resdy O Offline

2. All pods and workloads across all clusters are monitored and sorted based on a variety of filters. Click Pods to view the corresponding data.

Red Hat Advanced Cluster Management	for Kubernetes		Q ⊕ ⊡ Ø	kube:admin 🔹
Search				
Saved searches Open new search ta	ab 🕑			
3 Related cluster	673 Related secret	20 Related node	8 Related persistentvolumeclaim	
8 Related persistentvolume	1 Related provisioning	2 Related searchcollector	3 Related iampolicycontroller	
 ✓ Pod (1135) 		Show all (38)		
Name		4bbd46d68f3ddd50b9328cee6854a36807ef784dac2bded9cc20638fbpd	582	•
Namespace		openshift-marketplace		
Cluster Status		ocal-cluster Completed		
Restarts		D		
Host IP	1	0.61.186.27		
Pod IP	্	0.129.2.215		
Created		4 days ago		
Labels		controller-uid=dd259738-2cce-40e2-85d3-6ccf56904ba8		

3. All nodes across the clusters are monitored and analyzed based on a variety of data points. Click Nodes to get more insight into the corresponding details.

Search

Related cluster	11	Related pod			12 Related service				
					Show all (3)]			
Node (20)									
Name 1	Cluster 1	Role 1	Architecture	OS image	I	CPU 1	Created 1	Labels I	
Name † ocp-master-Locp-bare- metal.cie.netapp.com	Cluster I ocp-bare- metal	Role 1 master; worker	Architecture 1 amd64		I Iterprise Linux CoreOS 03292105-0 (Ootpa)	CPU 1 48	Created 1 a month ago	Labels [beta kubernetes io/arch=amd64] beta kubernetes io/os=linux kubernetes io/arch=amd64 5 more	1
ocp-master-1.ocp-bare-	ocp-bare-	master;		Red Hat En 47.83.20210 Red Hat En	nterprise Linux CoreOS			beta kubernetes.io/arch=amd64 beta kubernetes.io/os=linux	1

4. All clusters are monitored and organized based on different cluster resources and parameters. Click Clusters to view cluster details.

Related secret		787 Related poo	d	15 Related persistentvolu	meclaim	17 Related node	1 Related application
Related persistentvolume		Related searchcol	ollector	8 Related clusterclaim		3 Related resourcequota	5 Related identity
				Show all (1	59)		
				Show all (59)		
Cluster (2)							
Cluster (2) Name 1 Available	Hub accepted	1 Joined 1 1	Nodes I Kubernetes versio			I Labels I	
	Hub accepted True		Nodes I Kubernetes versio 8 v120.0+c8905da		Console URL	Labels Coud+VSphere clusterID=148632d9	-69d5-4ae4-98ee-8dff886463c3

Create resources on multiple clusters

Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes allows users to create resources on one or more managed clusters simultaneously from the console. As an example, if you have OpenShift clusters at different sites backed with different NetApp ONTAP clusters and want to provision PVC's at both sites, you can click the (+) sign on the top bar. Then select the clusters on which you want to create the PVC, paste the resource YAML, and click Create.

Create resource

Create

V

Clusters | Select the clusters where the resource(s) will be deployed.



Resource configuration | Enter the configuration manifest for the resource(s).

YAML

1	kind: PersistentVolumeClaim	Landar Terregotica (M) Anno Land Michael Carlos Michael Carlos Mic
2	apiVersion: v1	Marchania Andreas Andr
3	metadata:	
4	name: demo-pvc	
5	spec:	
6	accessModes:	
7	- ReadWriteOnce	
8	resources:	
9	requests:	
10	storage: 1Gi	
11	storageClassName: ocp-trident	

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