DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY BUREAU OF CRIMINAL IDENTIFICATION

Concealed Firearm Permit Instructor Course June 24th, 2024

INTRODUCTIONS

CFP Instructor Program Administrator
Ocompliance Specialist Mindy Lindquist
Bureau of Criminal Identification, 26+ years
Firearms Section
CFP and PI Board Coordinator
Law Enforcement Liaison
Brady Section

COURSE OVERVIEW

- Course Requirements
- Application (CFP & Instructors)
- Certification (CFP & Instructors)
- Official Seal
- Problem Areas
- Permit Flow Chart
- Statistics
- States that honor our CFP
- Law Enforcement Contacts

- CFP Course Review
- General Familiarity
- Minimum Training Curriculum
- Background Checks
- Disqualifying Criteria
- Appeals Process
- Utah State Law
- Federal Firearms Regulations
- FAQs

INSTRUCTOR REQUIREMENTS

COURSE REQUIREMENTS

⊙Instructional Course and Test

⊙ A Utah concealed firearms instructor, in order to obtain initial certification or renew a certification, shall attend an instructional course and pass a certification test

The course shall include instruction on
 Current Utah law related to firearms
 Concealed carry statutes and rules
 The use of deadly force by private citizens

53-5-704 Bureau Duties and CFP Procedures

INSTRUCTOR APPLICATION

• What must accompany your application

- BCI course certificate
- Proof of having completed a firearms instructor training course from a BCI-approved entity, the Utah Department of Public Safety, or Division of Peace Officer Standards and Training (P.O.S.T.)
- The currently approved organizations are the NRA, USCCA, NAAGA, U.S. LawShield and Concealed Coalition. More are pending final approval.
- One passport quality photo
- Photocopy of driver license
- Signed Agreement that you will teach Utah minimum training curriculum
- Possess a Utah concealed firearm permit
- One year deadline all instructor/permit applications must be submitted to BCI within one year of instructor/CFP course completion

INSTRUCTOR APPLICATION CHECKLIST

State of Utah Department of Public Safety APPLICATION FOR CONCEALED FIREARM INSTRUCTOR

INSTRUCTIONS

A complete criminal background check will be conducted on all applicants. (Instructors must be of good character as defined in section 53-5-704 UCA and must be eligible to possess firearms under state and federal law.)

FEES: Fees are non-refundable

Instructor Application \$50.00: An instructor's certification is valid for three years from the date of issue. Renewal Application \$25.00: Renewal certification is valid for three years from date of issue.

Each applicant for certification or renewal as a Utah Concealed Carry Instructor <u>MUST</u> attend a course of instruction provided by the Bureau of Criminal Identification and pass a certification test before certification or renewal can be issued.

The required course will be provided at least twice yearly; it is the applicant's responsibility to make all necessary arrangements to attend.

WHAT MUST ACCOMPANY THE APPLICATION

- Utah Concealed Carry Instructor Course Certificate and one other instructor certification listed below
 N.R.A. Firearms Instructor Certificate
 - o Utah P.O.S.T. Firearms Instructor Certificate
- Attach a signed copy of our minimum training guidelines
- If you wish to expand your course, please provide a copy of your course curriculum
- D One color passport quality photo. Name must be written on the back of the photo
- □ A photocopy of your driver license or state identification card
- A photocopy of your valid Utah Concealed Firearm Permit
- Attach a summary of your qualifications and past experience as a firearms instructor

INSTRUCTOR RESPONSIBILITES

- Instructors must provide each student who attends their course with a copy of the approved course outline.
- Each instructor will be required to provide a signed certificate of completion to a person completing the offered course of instruction. The certificate of completion requires a stamp of the certified instructors "official seal" (only a seal design provided by the State of Utah will be accepted). A copy of the seal design will be provided by BCI, however it is the instructor's responsibility to obtain the seal.
 - A new seal will be required each time certification is renewed to reflect the new expiration date.
- Every concealed firearm permit applicant must receive instruction in the areas outlined by Section 53-5-704(8) of the "Concealed Weapons Act" as set forth in the Bureau's training guidelines.
- Instructors MUST supply a valid phone number and/or e-mail to be listed on the BCI website for customer contact. Contact information must be current at all times or instructor will be removed from listing.
- Instructors must notify BCI of any address change.

Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification 3888 W 5400 S Taylorsville Utah 84129 (801) 965-4445 ----- -BCI-1523C-0306

Revised 10/20

• All BCI applications have a checklist of items that are required.

• Make sure you use the checklist.

⊙Incomplete applications will be returned.

INSTRUCTOR APPLICATION

Ö	APP	State of Utah Department of Public Safety APPLICATION FOR CONCEALED FIREARM INSTRUCTOR				
answered. Be sur	to provide all supe	d unless this form is complete porting documents. Enclose the ble to "Utah Bureau of Crimi E OR PRINT IN INK. Fire	annonriate fee S	50 00 in the form	of cash check	Bureau Use Only Please read all instructions
Name			Date of Birth		Place of Birth	
(Last)	(First)	(Middle)				
Previously used Nam	ne(s) (Maiden, etc.)			Social	Security Number	
Address						
	(Street)	(City)		(County)	(State)	(Zip)
Mailing Address (if	different from street a	ddress)				
Home Phone#		Work Phone #	Driv	er Lic #		St
Height	Weight	Eye Color	Hair Color	Sex	Race	
What is your Citizen	ship?	Alien Registration # or Nature	alization #			
	TS: Please answe	r "Yes" or "No" to all quest s. If you answer "Yes" to an	ions below. A com			
PHONE This information m Please check t	Have you ever bee Have you currently a Have you currently a Have you currently a be listed on the BCI ust be current at all i his box if you DO NO	In convicted of any offense inverse in convicted of offense involvent of offense involvent of offense involvent of offense involvent and ubject to a court sanctioned private in dishonorably discharged from website MUST supply a valid phewebsite MUST supply a valid phemes, if changed BCI must be n T want your name and number following question.	ing domestic violence impetent? votective order? im the armed forces ine number and/or e-m IL OR WEBSITE AD otified immediately.	a? Pail for customer co		imes, etc.)
		of the firearms instructor criteria	e lieted on the instruc	tion sheet?		
	-	d and sign the statement		non ancer		
may result in the den this application is tru Signed on:	ial of certification purse e and correct. Date)	r to knowingly and willfully provi usant to Utah Code Ann. § 53-5-71	ide false information of 4(15). I hereby decla	n an application for re under criminal p	ertification as a conce enalty of the State of Ut	ealed firearms permit instructor and alah that the information contained on
	(Signature) MENT (CHECK API nt must include 3 or	PROPRIATE BOX) F	Payment enclosed (or the back of the cred			Credit Card
Credit Card Signat	ure		Zip Code Associat	ed with Credit C	ard	
Credit Card Orders				*Discover 🗆		
Card Nur	iber – 15 digit AN	IEX or 16 digit Visa, Mast	erCard or Discov	er 3 or 4	4 digit control #	Expiration Date

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Revised 10/2020

• You are applying for an instructor license and need to complete the application to receive the license.

No application - No license.

INSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION

• Renewal Period

●Instructor certification is valid for a three-year period from the issue date of initial and each subsequent renewal application.

• Fees

• Each applicant for certification shall pay a fee of \$50.00

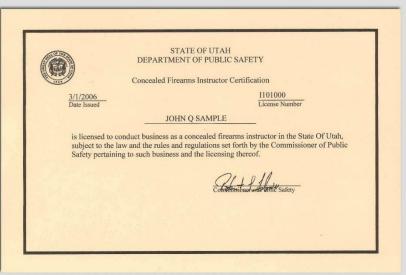
 \odot The renewal fee for the certificate is \$25.00

●Certifications expired by more than 30 days will incur a \$7.50 late fee. Applications received after one year of expiration are invalid and the applicant must complete the full application process again.

INSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION

⊙In addition to the instructor certificate issued by BCI, instructors are issued a "Utah Concealed Firearm Instructor" identification card





CERTIFIED INSTRUCTOR LOGO

 Certified Instructor
 Instructors ARE NOT employed by BCI or the State of Utah



INSTRUCTOR SEAL

• Instructor's Official Seal

- All instructors must obtain an official seal
- ⊙The seal shall be affixed to all certificates issued by the instructor

• The exact design of the seal is determined by BCI



Example of an instructor's official seal

INSTRUCTOR SEAL

Stamps can be produced by any stamp maker but must follow BCI design and include:
Instructor name, instructor #, and the BCI Logo
The words "Utah Certified Concealed Firearms Instructor" and "State of Utah"
Certification expiration date
Instructor's business or residence address

> Stamp company information is available on your thumb drive

CONCEALED FIREARM PERMIT APPLICANT REQUIREMENTS

BUREAU AUTHORITY

- BCI has statutory authority to supervise and administer rules and laws that pertain to the concealed firearm and instructor programs.
- BCI does not have the statutory authority to turn away instructor applications or limit the number of instructors.
- Any changes in the law, administrative rules, reciprocal agreements or changes in training requirements to include a practical shooting exercise would have to be accomplished through the legislature and/or the Utah Attorney General's Office.

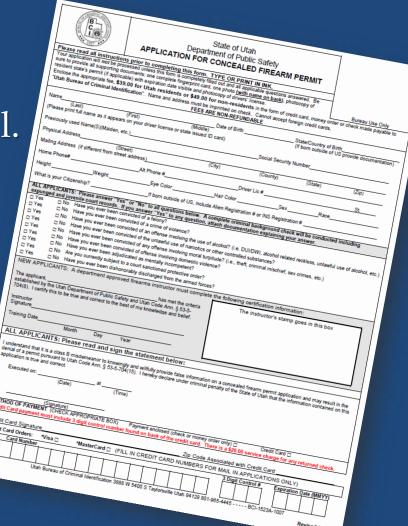
WHY A UTAH CFP?

- Some common reasons people may seek a Utah Concealed Firearm Permit
 - The ability to carry a firearm fully loaded
 - The ability to carry a firearm concealed
 - Waives the \$7.50 background check fee for purchasing a firearm (Utah residents only)
 - **Recognition** of Utah's permit by other states
 - Permit valid for 5 years
 - Lower permit cost compared to many other states
 - Utah law makes no distinction or defines what type of firearm a concealed firearm permit holder can possess or how many

APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

Utilize the bordered space provided on the application to stamp with the official seal.
 Pay attention to the revision date at the bottom of the application.

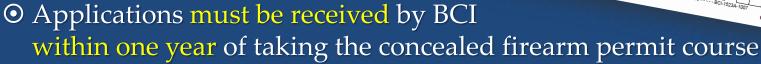
O The application must be completed by the applicant prior to the instructor signing and stamping the application.

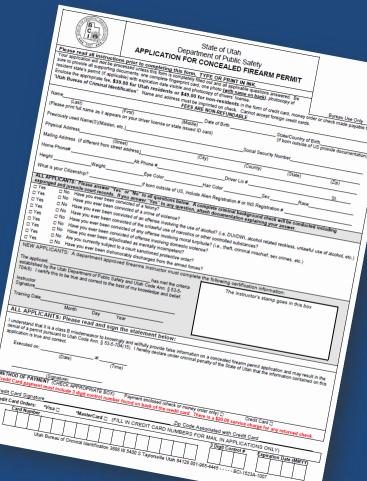


APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

• Application requirements:

- O 21 years of age or older
- One passport quality photo
- Photocopy of driver license
- One (blue) type applicant fingerprint card
- Instructor stamp in **red** ink
- Non-resident applicants who reside in a state that Utah has reciprocity or recognition with must also supply proof of having obtained a permit from their state of residency





APPLICATION FEES As of 2/1/2024

- Resident Concealed Firearm Permit\$53.25
 - **⊙\$25.00** Permit processing fee
 - **⊙**\$13.25 FBI fingerprint processing fee
 - **⊙\$15.00** State background check fee
- ONon Resident Concealed Firearm Permit \$63.25
 - \$35.00 Permit processing fee
 \$13.25 FBI fingerprint processing fee
 \$15.00 State background check fee

APPLICATION RENEWALS

•Renewal requirements:

- **\$20.00** in state renewal fee
- \$25.00 out of state renewal fee
- Completed application
- One passport quality photo
 - Permits expired by more than 30 days will incur a \$7.50 late fee.
 - Expired permits received that are over a year old will require the applicant to complete the full application process again

APPLICATION RENEWALS

 Permit holders may renew in person, by mail, and online.
 To renew online, go to https://secure.utah.gov/concealed-firearms
 There is a \$0.75 convenience fee to renew over the internet.
 Permit holders will need the capability to upload a

Permit holders will need the capability to upload a passport quality photo and a copy of his/her own states concealed firearm permit or concealed weapon permit, if applicable.

ACTIVE DUTY MILITARY

Outah waives permit renewal fees for active duty service members and their spouses
 OThis only applies to active duty service members and their spouses while stationed in Utah

53-5-707 Permit Fees and Other Information

PROBLEM AREAS

• Common reasons applications are mailed back (on an average 200-400 applications weekly) •Incorrect payment amount State of Utah Department of Public Salety APPLICATION FOR CONCEALED FIREARM PERMIT INSTRUCTIONS •Not signing the credit card line Anyone, at least 21 years of age, may apply for the Utah Concealed Firearm Permit. Please answer al questions by Upping or clearly printing in ink. NEW APPLICANT NON-RESIDENT PROOF OF PERMIT NY-KESIUENI PROCEP OF PErmit: If you reals in a task har recognized the validity of the Usah (Pyou reals only provide the validity of the Usah CPP of har respirately with Usah and Scope of the your application for a Usah permit. For all a scope of the your application for a Usah permit. For an exception of these wide news/www.usahestater.utaa.ecubior.machine.tem piloations may be submitted in person or by mail fo: Bureau of Criminal Semification 3888 West Schemer Taylorgule UT 84129 Critice Hours: M-F, 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m. •Incorrect zip code associated dency will be determined by your state-Applications must be accompanied by all required documentation (see below). Every application must be signed by the applicant prior to submission. If your state does not recognize the Utah termit this does not apply. FINGERPRINT CARDS: If applying by mail, please send application and rything that must accompany it in a 9 x 12 envelope, if NCERPRINT CARDS: Bue and main imposed Applicant Indespirat cards can be obtained thim BCI CBU for local police department. Programmer card must police due completely. Including the complete the completely including and prome with complete and policy and prome with complete and policy and policy. Programmer with complete and policy and policy and complete and policy and policy and policy and policy and policy and building and policy and policy and with complete and policy and with credit card COST TO APPLY The billowing non-refundable fee must be included with your Utan Residents: \$46.00 Non-Residents: \$51.00 provide this service, check your local listin •Instructor stamps must be legible PAYMENT OPTIONS APPLICANTS BORN OUTSIDE OF U.S. I mechanics UP (RUNG) The Bureau accepts cash, check, money order, VIBA and MASTERCARD. Credit oard payment must include the 3-digit control number on the back of the card. 4/PELCANTS BC/NM OUTSIDE OF U.S.: If you was happen outside of the U.B. you much include your Aten Reparation hand the reparation and homes on your addition and fingerspicities of healthese a copy of your wild. If, Bataport and Jato to healthese Accept of a your biom outside the US. Accesses for error of citazenator from outside the US. Name and address must be imprinted on checks (no "counter checks" lease, page make check or money order payable to: Utab Burenshinal identification. There will be a 202 service charge to mitumed checks. PLEASE DO NOT SERVICE CASH IN THE MAIL. decented accepted for proof of citizenship if born outside the US. • Photos must be of passport style WEAPON FAMILIARITY CERTIFICATION: Applicants must complete a firearms familiarity of CONCEALED FIREARM COURSE SURVEY Applicates must complete a finamus familiarly course, centred by the Bureau, letters subjying for a permit. Places have go activities the control of a valid Contractor Finam Pero from application. Holders of a valid Contractor Finam Pero from applications of the course from any application that have vegoon of the course from any approved that instructor. Bit music treative your application within on where from the color fine course was consulted. Rease complete the course survey available at and quality ou may return the survey by email to: DPSFIREARMS@Utah.pc WHAT MUST ACCOMPANY THE APPLICATION OPHOTOCOPY OF YOUR DRIVER LICENSE OR STATE APPLICATION PROCESSING ISSUED IDENTIFICATION CARD PLICATION PROCESSING Upon receipt of your completed addition packet, we will process partners, then applications packet, we will be order the approximation of the completion order background practice activity. Upon completion order established by the has been met, the partner will be criteria you. Please do not call to check the partner will be review process may take up to 60 days. D1 (BLUE & WHITE) APPLICANT FINGERPRINT CARD • Fingerprints must be of good BCI does offer fingerprint services. The tee is \$16.00 CI PHUI Outwork: One recent adding hotograph of pakeport quality (2x2, no hast or employed and the photograph of the photograph OCP PHOTODI BCI does offer photo services for our permits. The Be for a photo is \$16.00 quality and the card must Falsification of any information in the application may result in denial or revocation of a permit and possible criminal prosecution. 3 Application must include permanent physical residence and VISIT OUR WEBSITE AT: Nort Outs NEGOTIE RT. http://publicaafaty.utah.gov/Dcl/ Any questione please contact BCI at 801-886-4446 or DPSFIREARMa@utah.gov. have been completed ah Burnau of Criminal Mentification 3888 W 5400 S Taylorvelle Ulah 84129 (801) 965-6445 --- BCI-1523A-100

PROBLEM AREAS

Not providing a copy of the applicant's driver license
 Not providing a copy of the applicant's home state permit (when applicable)

●8.5" X 11" paper (not wallet-sized, cut out, etc.)

- Applicants born outside the United States must supply proper documents
- OAll necessary copies must be made and attached to the application prior to submission
- Current address must be on file with BCI
 USPS will not forward BCI mail
 Returned mail will cause delays and additional costs to the program

APPLICATION PHOTOS

• Applicants required to submit a recent color photograph of passport quality • Passport quality means: • Approximately 2 in. X 2 in. • Taken within last 6 months and showing current appearance •Full front view of 2 inch. subject's face 2 inch 1 inch to 1 3/8 inch •No hats or dark glasses 1 1/8 inch to 1 3/8 inch •Plain (white) background

FINGERPRINTS

• Prints must meet FBI requirements (53-5-706)

- Fingers **rolled** from one edge of the nail to the other edge and just below the first joint
- Ridge characteristics are clear
- Impressions are uniform in tone
- There is an impression in each block
 - If the digit has been amputated or is disfigured, write this in the box provided
- There are 4 impressions and a thumb in the simultaneous impression block



53-5-706 Fingerprints and Bureau Duties

FINGERPRINTS

• Reasons prints may be rejected

- ⊙ Ink is **unevenly** distributed
- Fingers are not fully inked
- Too much or too little ink
- Fingers slip or twist during rolling
- Ridges are worn smooth
- One or more fingers printed twice
- One or more impressions missing
- Fingerprints on the back of the card
- Fail to include complete information



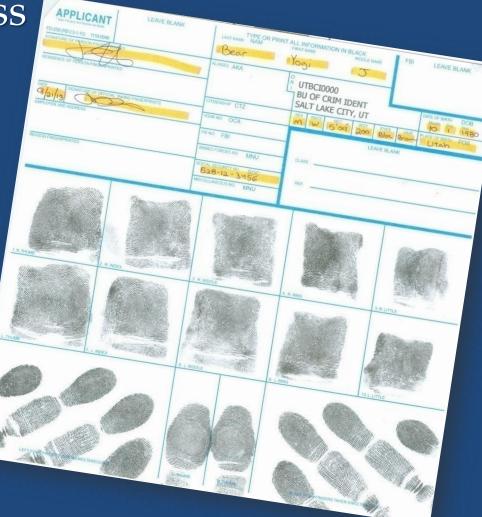
FINGERPRINTS

• Pressed versus rolled



FINGERPRINT CARDS

 Ensure Completeness
 Applicant name & Signature
 Biometric data
 SSN/ITIN
 Print taker Signature and date



PRINT CARD REQUESTS

• Due to budgetary and resource considerations, BCI is no longer able to mail blank fingerprint cards to instructors.

•Cards may still be picked up in person at the BCI building

 Instructors may purchase fingerprint cards through the U.S. Government Bookstore https://bookstore.gpo.gov/products/sku/027-001-00086-6
 Amazon.com search "FD-258 fingerprint cards"
 Applicants may provide their own prints taken by local law enforcement

APPLICANTS BORN OUTSIDE THE U.S.

• The applicant must be **qualified to purchase and possess** a firearm pursuant to state and federal law_____

- The applicant must supply proof of United States legal residency
 - Naturalization Number
 - Born Abroad Birth Certificate (ex. born on a US military base)
 - ⊙ Valid U.S. Passport
 - ⊙ INS or Alien Registration Number
- Supply a copy of the actual certificate



BADGES

It is a Class B misdemeanor to
Displays or possesses any badge
With the intent to deceive or induce another to submit to his pretended official authority or act



76-8-512 Impersonation of an Officer

NOTIFICATION OF CHANGES

Website Postings Class Instruction Direct Contact

APPLICATION TO PERMIT

OApplications are received at BCI
OIn person, by mail, or online
OIn person applicants may get fingerprints at BCI for a fee of \$15 each.

 Applications are processed by date of receipt

Permits are printed for approved applicants

•Permits are sent by mail

PERMIT STATISTICS

• Total valid concealed firearm permits:

OBCI received 42,634 applications in 2023
OBCI received 46,529 applications in 2022
OBCI received 58,117 applications in 2021
OBCI received 81,036 applications in 2020
OBCI received 49,313 applications in 2019

Fotal Applications

2023 Statistics
Permits denied

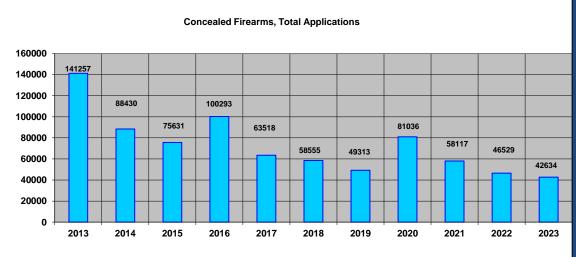
831

Permits suspended

1328

Permits revoked

458



RECOGNITION OF UTAH PERMITS

• The following states recognize the Utah permit:

- Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Michigan, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming
- Some states only recognize the Utah permit if the permit holder is a Utah resident:
 - Ocolorado, Michigan, Pennsylvania, Maine, New Hampshire, Florida

RECOGNITION OF UTAH PERMITS

		Standard Permit		Provisional Permit	
State	Recognition Status	Home State Permit Required to apply for Utah permit	Home State Permit NOT Required to apply for a Utah permit	Home State Permit Required to apply for a Utah permit	Home State Permit NOT Required to apply for a Utah permit
Hawaii	Neither		1		√
Idaho	Both	1		1	
<u>Illinois</u>	Neither		1		1
Indiana	Both	1		1	
<u>lowa</u>	Standard Only	1			√
Kansas	Standard Only	1			√
Kentucky	Standard Only	1			√
Louisiana	Standard Only	1			√
Maine	Standard Only	1			√
Maryland	Neither		1		√
Massachusetts	Neither		1		√
Michigan	Standard Only	1			√
Minnesota	Neither		1		√
Mississippi	Both	1			√
Missouri	Both	1		1	
Montana	Both	1		1	
Nebraska	Standard Only	1			√
Nevada	Both	1			√
New Hampshire	Standard Only	1			√
New Jersey	Neither		1		√
New Mexico	Neither		1		√
New York	Neither		1		√

Permit holders should always contact any state they plan to visit to confirm their laws Utah honors all valid permits

UTAH FIREARM LAW

 Authority given to the State
 Unless specifically authorized by the Legislature by statute, a local authority or state entity may not enact or enforce any ordinance, regulation, or rule pertaining to firearms.

76-10-500 Uniform Weapons Law

PERMIT CONFIDENTIALITY

• Statute prohibits the sharing of concealed firearm permit information

⊙A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if the person knowingly discloses information other than for an official law enforcement purpose.

53-5-708 Permit Names are Private

PERMIT ISSUE TIMES

●Statute sets the time frame for permit issuance at 60 days

- PLEASE remind your students not to contact BCI unless it has been 60 days
 - ●If an application status check is requested, BCI prefers applicants to email dpsfirearms@utah.gov after 60 days has lapsed from the date the application was receipted



53-5-704 Bureau Duties and CFP Procedures

FIREARM SAFETY PROGRAM

⊙BCI participates with the Utah Department of Health and the Utah Shooting Sports Council in a program to promote firearm safety and suicide prevention.

⊙The following video can be found at https://secure.Utah.gov/concealedfirearms/renew/preventionVideo.html and may be used to help educate your students about these issues.

OAdditional information can be found at: http://liveonutah.org/

BREAK TIME



INVESTIGATOR INTRODUCTION

O Agent Colby Vanderbeek
 O Law Enforcement Experience, 14+ years
 O Utah Highway Patrol
 O DPS Dive Team
 O Utah CFP Instructor
 O BCI Firearms Investigator
 O PI Investigator
 O P.O.S.T. Firearms Instructor





CONCEALED FIREARM PERMIT COURSE REVIEW

Firearm familiarity must be taught in person
 BCI does not accept waivers as evidence of general familiarity

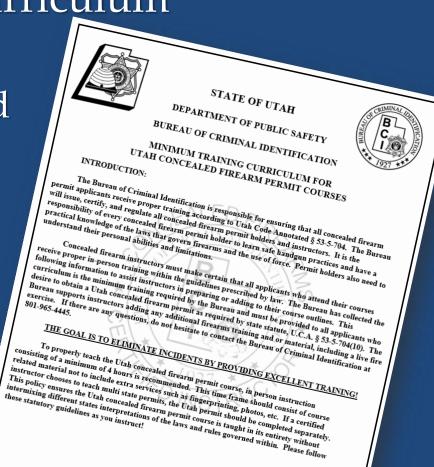
53-5-704 Bureau Duties and CFP Procedures

• Hands on instruction in:

- ⊙ Safe loading
- ⊙ Unloading
- Storage
- Carrying firearms concealed
- Review of current laws defining lawful firearm use
 - Lawful self defense
 - Use of force
 - Transportation
 - Concealment

53-5-704 Bureau Duties and CFP Procedures

 Course instruction must meet the "minimum training curriculum" as set forth by BCI
 Copies can be accessed on BCI's website: bci.utah.gov



• Instructor shall provide each student with the required course of instruction outline approved by BCI • Printed copy •Burned on a CD **O**Thumb Drive •It is now acceptable, as of 11/2/2022, to provide the BCI link to students and a physical copy is not required

53-5-704 Bureau Duties and CFP Procedures

- A time study was conducted which determined 4 hours is a reasonable, minimal time frame to cover all the required material from the training curriculum.
 - This is not mandatory, provided all aspects of the training curriculum are covered.
- All information must be presented with adherence to the minimum training curriculum. Additional information can be presented at the instructor's discretion.
- If you are teaching a multi-state class it is not necessary to re-cover information taught in the previous class.
- It is **EVERY INSTRUCTOR'S responsibility** to ensure all material in the minimum training curriculum is covered.

•Handgun Safety Training & General Familiarity • Handgun safety rules • Causes of accidents • Elements of firearm safety •Four basic gun safety rules • Range rules • Child safety

•Handgun Safety Training & General Familiarity • Handgun parts and operation **•**Frame **O**Barrel Action •Function and firing mechanism check •Safe loading/unloading • Revolver cylinder rotation

•Handgun Safety Training & General Familiarity O Ammunition • Cartridge Types • Cartridge Components **•**Firing Sequence •Safety and General Guidelines • Care and Storage • Ammunition Malfunctions



 OHandgun Safety Training & General Familiarity
 O Fundamentals of shooting
 OBasic two hand shooting positions
 OBasic shooting fundamentals

 Handgun Safety Training & General Familiarity
 Safe handling
 Maintenance and cleaning
 Safe draw, presentation, and holstering
 Safe concealment considerations
 Safe storage (firearms and ammunition) STATE CODE, FEDERAL CODE, AND ADMINISTRATIVE RULE
OUtah Criminal and Traffic Code

OConcealed Firearm Act

•Justification of force

• Rules of arrest, by whom, and how made

•Weapons in prohibited areas/circumstances

•Weapons laws

•Assault and related offenses

•Weapons laws

•Non-concealed permit holder

STATE CODE, FEDERAL CODE, AND ADMINISTRATIVE RULE

• Federal Firearms Regulations • Section 922 Unlawful Acts • Straw Purchase **O**Unlawful Transport **O**Unlawful Transfer • Unlawful Possession • Unlawful Possession in a School Zone

STATE CODE, FEDERAL CODE, AND ADMINISTRATIVE RULE

O18 USC Section 924
OPenalties
O18 USC Section 926A

Interstate Transportation of Firearms
 18 USC Section 929
 Use of Restricted Ammunition
 18 USC Section 930
 Restrictions of Federal Facilities

STATE CODE, FEDERAL CODE, AND ADMINISTRATIVE RULE •BCI Administrative Rule and Policy •R722-300 Concealed Firearm Permit and Instructor Rule • Regulatory Duties **O**Permit Application Process OCriteria for Issuance, Denial, Suspension, and Revocation

• Adjudicative Procedures

NSTRUCTOR UPDATES AND REMINDERS

June 1, 2018

February 7, 2018

BCI has become aware of scammers contacting instructors trying to do an overpayment scam. The scammer will ask you to accept extra money for your services and then you would give cash back to them or their associate. We would give the scatter of the services are the services and the services and the services are scattered by the services are services and the services are scattered by the services and the scattered by the services are scattered by the overpayment scam. The scammer will ask you to accept extra money for your services and then you would give cash back to them or their associate. We would caution anyone if they are contacted about any type of overpayment of your service. services and then you would give cash back to them or their associate. We would caution anyone if they are contacted about any type of overpayment of your services.

 On July 1st the fingerprint based background check processing fee will be decreased to \$15. This will change the fees due for a Utah concealed firearm permit to \$52 for Utah residents On July 1^{stt} the fingerprint based background check processing fee will be decreased to S15. This will change the fees due for a Utah concealed firearm permit to S52 for Utah residents. The newest application showing these new fees can be downloaded here on our website. Make sure to remind Your students the new fees do not and S62 for Non-Utah residents. The newest application showing these new fees can be downloaded here on our website. Make sure to remind your students the new fees can be take effect until July 1*. Any applications BCI receives before July 1* with the new fees do not downloaded here on our website. Make sure to remind your students the new fees do no take effect until July 1st. Any applications BCI receives before July 1st with the new fees do no will be rejected and mailed back to the applicant.

 Due to budgetary and resource considerations, the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification is no longer able to mail blank fingerprint cards to Concealed Firearm Permit instructors. Cards Due to budgetary and resource considerations, the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification is no longer able to mail blank fingerprint cards to Concealed Firearm Permit instructors. Cards

Another available option is to purchase packets of finger Another available option is to purchase packet through the U.S. Government Bookstore at her 001-00086-6 or through a variety of co

•All instructors should regularly check the BCI website for new and updated information Concealed Firearm Instructor Updates and Reminders • bci.utah.gov August 12, 2020 The concealed firearm permit application has been updated. The section pertaining to submitting credit card payment has been changed. **O**"Information for May 8, 2019 The minimum training curriculum has been updated. A section pertaining to suicide prevention was added to the end of the curriculum. **Concealed Firearm** February 25, 2019 1. POTENTIAL FRAUD ALERT 2NTIAL FRAUD ALERT BCI has become aware of scammers contacting instructors trying to do an overnavment scam. The scammer will ask you to accept extra money for y

Instructors"

ERRONEOUS TEACHING CONCEPTS

- "Law allows you to shoot an attacker twice in the chest and once in the head."
- Interspersing other occupational sidelines with the CFP course
- As a permit holder, " I work for you."
- "If you are approached by a closed fist attacker, deadly force is justified."
- When advertising your CFP instructor business, don't send BCI the bill.
- When demonstrating, don't use live ammunition.
- Weaver Stance "How you shoot a target that is weaving."
- If you extend a warning for someone to leave your property and they don't, you can shoot them dead.

COURSE MONITORING

• Overt and Covert course checks

• BCI monitors CFP courses, both in and out of state

●BCI has dedicated Investigators who monitor and investigate courses and complaints to ensure compliance with the minimum training curriculum, etc.

• Complaints

⊙ Instructor and applicant complaints will be aggressively investigated

• Instructor fraud or non-compliance

⊙ An instructor who is found to be in violation of Federal law, Utah law or BCI administrative rule may be subject to suspension/revocation and/or criminal prosecution.

CONCEALED FIREARM ACT

• BCI is mandated by law to issue a concealed firearms permit within 60 days. • The 60 day period will start once the applicant's account is charged. ●Inform your students not to call before 60 days to check on the progress of their permit, the same people processing the permits are answering the phones and it slows down the process.

53-5-704 Bureau Duties and CFP Procedures

BACKGROUND CHECKS

- In order to be eligible to receive a Utah concealed firearm permit, the bureau must be able to check each and every applicant's criminal history through local, state, and national databases.
 - If the bureau is unable to do a background check of each of the following items, the applicant will not be eligible to receive a Utah concealed firearm permit.
- Utah Computerized Criminal History (UCCH)
- National Crime Information Center (NCIC)
- Interstate Identification Index (III)
- Drivers license information
- Statewide warrants file

- Criminal justice juvenile files
- Criminal history expungement system
- National Instant Check System (NICS)
- Immigration and Naturalization Service (when applicable)

INSTRUCTOR LICENSE AND CONCEALED FIREARM PERMIT

O The Utah CFP instructor licenses and concealed carry permits are authorized by Utah law and can also be suspended or revoked by law. However, if you follow a few simple rules, the state of Utah should have no reason to suspend or revoke your permit.

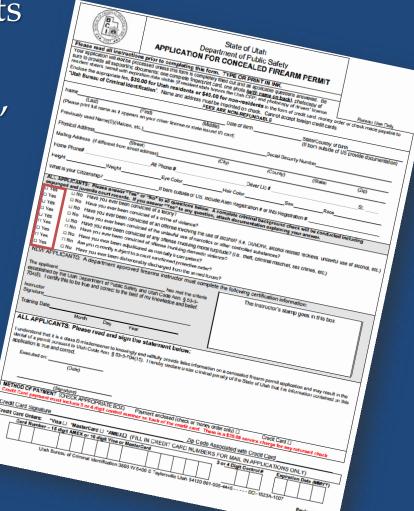




PERMIT HOLDER AND APPLICANT DISQUALIFYING CRITERIA

APPLICATION QUESTIONS

• Please remind your students that if they mark yes to a question on the application, they should also attach an explanation and any supporting documentation • Court paperwork, pardons, expungements, or any other documentation surrounding case outcomes



FALSE WRITTEN STATEMENTS

- An individual who provides false information on a CFP application is guilty of a class B misdemeanor
- The application may be denied, or the permit may be suspended or revoked.

ALL APPLICANTS: Please answer "Yes" or "No" to all questions below. A complete criminal background check will be conducted including expunged and wenile court records. If you answer "Yes" to any question, attach documentation explaining your answer. Yes No Have you ever been convicted of a felony? Yes No Have you ever been convicted of a form of violence? Yes No Have you ever been convicted of an offense involving the use of alcohol? (i.e. DUI/DWI, alcohol related reckless, unlawful use of alcohol, etc.) Yes No Have you ever been convicted of the unlawful use of narcotics or other controlled substances? Yes No Have you ever been convicted of any offense involving moral turpitude? (i.e., theft, criminal mischief, sex crimes, etc.) Yes No Have you ever been adjudicated as mentality incompetent?
Yes No Have you ever been adjudicated as mentally incompetent? Yes No Are you currently subject to a court sanctioned protective order?
Yes No Have you ever been dishonorably discharged from the armed forces?
NEW APPLINTS: A department approved firearms instructor must complete the following certification information:
The applicant,has met the criteria established by the Utah Department of Public Safety and Utah Code Ann. § 53-5-704(8). I certify this to be true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. Instructor Signature Training Date Month Day Year
ALL APPLICANTS: Please read and sign the statement below:
I understand that it is a class B misdemeanor to knowingly and willfully provide false information on a concealed firearm permit application and may result in the denial of a permit pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 53-5-704(15). I hereby declare under criminal penalty of the State of Utah that the information contained on this application is true and correct. Executed on: (Date)
(Signature)

53-5-704 Bureau Duties and CFP Procedures

DISQUALIFYING CRITERIA

- The bureau may deny, suspend, or revoke a concealed firearm permit if the applicant or permit holder:
 - has been or is convicted of a felony;
 - has been or is convicted of a crime of violence;
 - has been or is convicted of an offense involving the use of alcohol;
 - has been or is convicted of an offense involving the unlawful use of narcotics or other controlled substances;
 - has been or is convicted of an offense involving moral turpitude;
 - has been or is convicted of an offense involving domestic violence;
 - has been or is adjudicated by a state or federal court as mentally incompetent, unless the adjudication has been withdrawn or reversed; and
 - is not qualified to purchase and possess a firearm pursuant to Section 76-10-503 and federal law.

DISQUALIFYING CRITERIA

\odot	Class C misdemeanors & infractions 3 years
\odot	Class B misdemeanors 4 years
\odot	Class A misdemeanors 5 years
\odot	Protective Order Lifetime
\odot	Domestic Violence Lifetime
\odot	Felony conviction Lifetime
\odot	Convicted of a registrable sex offenseLifetime
\odot	Mentally Incompetent Lifetime
\odot	Danger to self or others CFP Board's discretion
\odot	Past pattern of violent behavior CFP Board's discretion
\odot	False information on initial or renewal permit applicationCFP Board's discretion
\odot	Failure to provide sufficient fingerprintsSuspension until acceptable fingerprints are received
\odot	Is not qualified to purchase and possess firearms pursuant to Section 76-10-503 and federal law
0	Utah Administrative Code allows BCI to consider mitigating circumstances after the time period has elapsed from the date the applicant was convicted or released from incarceration, parole, or probation, whichever occurred last
0	Restoration of Rights/Relief from Disabilities are still a denier if the felony conviction remains on the criminal history

MORAL TURPITUDE

- Theft
- Fraud
- Tax evasion
- Issuing bad checks
- Robbery
- Interference with police
- Fleeing, resisting, or failure to obey police
- Obstruction of justice
- Bribery
- Perjury
- Extortion
- Arson
- Forgery

- Wildlife violations involving weapons
- Receiving stolen property
- Firearms violations
- Burglary
- Vandalism
- Kidnapping
- Crimes involving unlawful sexual conduct
- Violations of the pornographic and harmful materials and performances act
- Falsifying govt. records
- Criminal mischief

Utah Admin Rules R722-300

JUVENILE FELONIES

⊙Non-Violent Felony

- Distribute Controlled Substance
- Forgery
- Theft
- Possession of a stolen vehicle
- Receive stolen property
- Possession of a controlled substance

• Violent Felony

- Murder
- Aggravated Assault
- Rape
- Aggravated Kidnapping
- Robbery
- Burglary
- Aggravated Arson

Juvenile Felony Convictions Disqualifying Time Frame 10 years for a violent felony 7 years for a non-violent felony

INSTRUCTOR DISQUALIFYING CRITERIA

• Reasons instructors are disqualified • The bureau may deny, suspend, or revoke the certification of a concealed firearms instructor if it has reason to believe the applicant has •Become ineligible to possess a firearm or Utah concealed firearm permit •Knowingly and willfully provided false information to the bureau •Not possessing a valid Utah CFP

53-5-704 Bureau Duties and CFP Procedures

ACTION AGAINST A PERMIT

•If an application is denied, or a permit suspended/revoked, the applicant or permit holder will receive Department of Public Safety KEITH D. SQUIRES State of Utah a letter by certified mail, GARY R. HERBERT PENCER J. COX March 14, 2015 advising the general Yogi Bear 1234 Forest Road Salt Lake City, UT 84123 Re: Concealed Firearm Permit reason for the action Mr. Bear: This letter is to notify you that your Utah Concealed Firearm Permit #C1234567 is hereby suspended on your March 13, 2015, misdemeanor conviction of Retail Theft through the State of Utah. Salt Lake This letter is to notify you that your Utah Concealed Firearm Permit #C1234567 is hereby suspended based on your March 13, 2015, misdemeanor conviction of Retail Theft through the State of Utah, Salt Lake City Instieve Court This suspension is in accordance with Utah Code Ann. & 53-5-704(2)(a)(v) which states the state of the st based on your March 13, 2015, misdemeanor conviction of Retail Theft through the State of Utah, Salt Lake City Justice Court. This suspension is in accordance with Utah Code Ann. § 53-5-704(2)(a)(v) which states the himman may denv. suspend, or revoke a concealed firearm nermit if the annitiant or nermit holder has been or is City Justice Court. This suspension is in accordance with Utah Code Ann. § 53-5-704(2)(a)(v) which states the bureau may deny, suspend, or revoke a concealed firearm permit if the applicant or permit holder has been or is convicted of an offenes involving moral turninde. •Instructors and permit As provided in Utah Administrative Code R722-300-3(k) "offense involving moral turpitude" means a inder the lawe of this etate, and other etate, the United States or any district pressession or torritory of f As provided in Utah Administrative Code R722-300-3(k) "offense involving moral turpitude" means a crime under the laws of this state, any other state, the United States, or any district, possession, or territory of the United States involving conduct which; (i) is done contrary to instice. honsety or mod morals: (ii) has an crime under the laws of this state, any other state, the United States, or any district, possession, or territory of the United States involving conduct which: (i) is done contrary to justice, honesty, or good morals; (ii) has an element of harm or injury directed to another person or an element of harm or injury directed to another person or or and or fill contains an element of harm or injury directed to another person or or and or fill contains and element of harm or injury directed to another person or or other persons of the states of th the United States involving conduct which: (i) is done contrary to justice, honesty, or good morals; (ii) has a element of falsification or fraud; or (iii) contains an element of harm or injury directed to another person or another's property holders must keep You may be eligible to obtain a new permit in the future. As provided in Utah Administrative Code 300.4(Strb). BCI may find that mitigating circumstances exist after the following time period has elago You may be eligible to obtain a new permit in the future. As provided in Utah Administrative Code R722-300.4(5)(b), BCI may find that mitigating circumstances exist affer the following time period has elapsed from the date von were convicted or released from incarceration, narole, or probation, whichever occurred last: R722-300-4(5)(b), BCI may find that mitigating circumstances exist after the following time period has elapsed from the date you were convicted or released from incarceration, parole, or probation, whichever occurred last: their address current You may appeal this decision in person to the Concealed Firearm Review Board. The Board can be mitoating circumstances honestop. It is not multiprized to sovertum states and/or federal law Ta-You may appeal this decision in person to the Concealed Firearm Review Board. The Board can consider miligating circumstances; however, it is not authorized to overturn state and/or federal law. To appeal RCT's docision was must position the Board for a review of your revocation within sixty (60) days from provint consider mitigating circumstances; however, it is not authorized to overturn state and/or federal law. To appeal BCI's decision, you must petition the Board for a review of your revocation within sixty (60) days from receipt of this letter. This netition must be in writing and mailed to the Burgau of Criminal Identification at the address BCI's decision, you must petition the Board for a review of your revocation within sixty (60) days from receipt of this letter. This petition must be in writing and mailed to the Bureau of Criminal Identification at the address listed at the bottom of this name. If you have any questions remarking this matter, you can contact me at of this letter. This petition must be in writing and mailed to the Bureau of Criminal Identification at the a listed at the bottom of this page. If you have any questions regarding this matter, you can contact me at (R01) 965-4561. with BCI

Agent Scott Baker irearms Section Utah Department of Public Safety State Bureau of Investig

APPEALS PROCESS

⊙In the event of a denial, suspension or revocation by BCI, the applicant or instructor may file an appeal

⊙The appeal must be received in writing and within 60 days of the date of denial, suspension, or revocation

The petitioner will have the opportunity to address the board and explain the appeal
Petitioner is not required to appear before the board
Once a ruling is made by the board, the petitioner will be notified by BCI within 30 days

CFP Review Board

Oconcealed Firearm Review BoardOFive members

• Appointed by the DPS Commissioner and serve a four year term

⊙The board shall include a member representing law enforcement and at least two citizens, one of whom represents sporting interests

• The board meets quarterly

53-5-703 CFP Review Board Defined



INVESTIGATOR INTRODUCTION

Sergeant Brady Zaugg
 Law enforcement experience, 19+ years
 Utah Highway Patrol
 Utah Department of Corrections

 Bachelor of Science Degree in Emergency Services Administration from Utah Valley University



UTAH PROVISIONAL PERMITS

• For qualified individuals 18 to 20 years old • Same qualifications as standard permit • Expires on 21st birthday • Must apply for full permit at 21 • Prohibited from carrying in elementary/secondary schools • Non-resident applicant rules apply • Recognition/Non-recognition • Does the applicant's state even offer a provisional permit?

PROVISIONAL PERMIT FAQS

• Can a provisional permit holder carry a firearm in schools?

 ONO. UCA § 53-5-710(2), specifically excludes an under 21 permit holder from carrying a concealed firearm on or about school premises.

Can a provisional permit holder purchase a handgun from a firearm dealer?
 No. Per 18 USC § 922(b)(1) a person under 21 may not purchase a handgun from a federal firearm licensee.

PROVISIONAL PERMIT FAQS

⊙Can I take the concealed permit class and apply for the provisional permit before my 18th birthday?

• Applicants may take the class at 17, but same one year application limit applies.

• How do I upgrade to a standard permit?

O The provisional permit expires on the permit holder's 21st birthday. A complete application, photo, and fees must be submitted for a standard permit. The only exception is the class requirement which may be satisfied by including a copy of the provisional permit.

PROVISIONAL DISCLAIMER

• DPS/BCI continues to verify the recognition status with other states • However, as with all laws it is the responsibility of the individual to understand and comply with all applicable laws of the jurisdiction in question

UTAH LEGAL ISSUES

• Some Topics for discussion • Definitions associated with use of force laws •Ideas and explanations common to use of force statutes • Use of and justification of force in Utah law • Statutes which most directly relate to CFPs • Secured Areas and travel issues • Issues and considerations for CFP holders

BODILY INJURY SERIOUS VS. SUBSTANTIAL

- ⊙<u>Serious</u> bodily injury creates or causes serious permanent disfigurement, protracted loss or impairment of function of any bodily member or organ, or creates a substantial risk of death
- ●Substantial bodily injury that creates or causes protracted physical pain, temporary disfigurement, or temporary loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ.

76-1-101.5 Terms Defined

FORCIBLE FELONIES

• Commonality is force against persons

• Examples include: aggravated assault, mayhem, aggravated murder, murder, manslaughter, kidnapping, and aggravated kidnapping, rape, forcible sodomy, rape of a child, object rape, object rape of a child, sexual abuse of a child, aggravated sexual abuse of a child, and aggravated sexual assault, *arson*, robbery, *burglary*, occupied vehicle burglary, offenses which create substantial risk of death/s.b.i.

76-2-402 Defense of a Person

FIREARMS AT A RESIDENCE

⊙In the State of Utah, a person* may have a loaded firearm at his/her residence

- ⊙An improvement to real property used or occupied as a primary, secondary, or temporary residence
 - Camp, tent, trailer, motor home, motel room, etc.
 Permit-less carry will be covered in greater detail later on
 - *non-restricted person

76-10-511 Loaded Firearm at Residence

CRIMINAL VS CIVIL LIABILITY

OCriminal

●The burden of proof on the state is "beyond a reasonable doubt."

•Liability determined for criminal punishment, prison, fines etc.

OCivil

• The burden of proof on the party asserting the claim is by the

"preponderance of the evidence."

•Liability determined to restore monetary or physical loss.

DEFENSE TO CIVIL ACTION

• Utah law protects the user of force from civil actions from next-of-kin, heirs, etc. *if* acting within the law • Entered property with criminal intent, or •Injury/damage occurred during commission of a crime •Doesn't apply if actions weren't a crime or clearly retreated from criminal activity

78B-3-110 Defense to Civil Action

DEFENSE OF A PERSON

• Must reasonably believe force is necessary • Defend against imminent use of unlawful force •May use force intended or likely to cause death or serious bodily injury • If used to prevent death, serious bodily injury, or a forcible felony •No duty to retreat if lawfully there

76-2-402 Force in Defense of a Person

DEFENSE OF HABITATION

 Reasonable belief force is needed to stop entry or attack on habitation
 Entry is violent, tumultuous, or by stealth
 With the purpose of assault or personal violence or commission of a felony

76-2-405 Force in Defense of Habitation

DEFENSE OF HABITATION

OUser of force is presumed reasonable if
OActed out of reasonable fear of imminent peril
OIf the entry was unlawful and used force or
Violent, tumultuous, by stealth, or to commit a felony
OApplies to both criminal and civil cases

76-2-405 Force in Defense of Habitation

DEFENSE ON REAL PROPERTY

• This is defense of persons on real property • Same basic elements as defense of habitation •Reasonable/Imminent/Unlawful trespass/Violent/etc. • Must be in lawful possession of real property • Real Property generally refers to land, structures, etc.

•Same presumption of reasonableness

Property

DEFENSE OF PROPERTY

Force, other than deadly force
 Reasonably believes force is necessary to prevent or terminate criminal interference
 Property lawfully in his possession
 The possession of an immediate family member
 Possession of another whose property he has a legal duty to protect

76-2-406 Force in Defense of Property

ARREST BY PRIVATE PERSONS

• Arrests may be made for • Public offense committed in your presence • Reasonable cause to believe the person has committed a felony •Should you make an arrest or should you be a good witness? •Necessary use of force? •Identifiable by responding law enforcement?

77-7-3 Arrest by Private Persons

DETERMINING REASONABLENESS

Some things a court may consider
Nature of danger
Immediacy of danger
Probability that unlawful force would result in death or serious bodily injury
Prior violent acts or propensities
Patterns of abuse or violence

76-2-402 Force in Defense of a Person

UNJUSTIFIABLE CIRCUMSTANCES

- Provokes the use of force as an excuse to inflict harm
- Ocommitting or fleeing the commission of a felony
 - • Force to facilitate the crime or the escape
- Engaged in mutual combat

●Unless he withdraws and effectively communicates intent to withdraw

76-2-402 Force in Defense of a Person

UNJUSTIFIABLE CIRCUMSTANCES

- Unjustified and unlawful force used against someone:
 - **⊙**Assault
 - •Attempt or act that causes or risks bodily injury to another
 - Aggravated Assault
 Attempt, threat, or act that causes or risks bodily injury to another and includes use of a dangerous weapon
 Threat of Violence
 Threatens and acts with intent to place a person in imminent fear of injury or death

SECURE/PROHIBITED AREAS

• Concealed permit holders may not carry firearms into these areas:

- •Secure facilities (court, law enforcement, correctional, and mental health facilities)
 - •Posted notices
- House of worship or private residence where prohibited
- •Any airport secure area
- Other prohibited State or Federal facilities
- 53-5-710 Cross-references to Concealed Firearm

Permit Restrictions

PROHIBITION NOTIFICATION

 \odot If notification has been given per statute, a person may not carry a concealed firearm into houses of worship, private residences, private businesses NOTICE • Personal communication • Posting of signs ALLOWED ON PREMISES OAnnouncement • Publication in newspaper, newsletter, bulletin, etc.

76-10-530 Trespass with a Firearm

OTHER PROHIBITIONS

•Federal Facilities

• A building or part thereof owned or leased by the Federal Government, where Federal employees are regularly present for the purpose of performing their official duties • Native American Reservations • Obtain permission through tribal leadership • Not applicable to highways passing through **ONational Parks/National Forests** • Must abide by laws of state where park is located

TRAVELING WITH FIREARMS

• General

• State laws regarding the possession of firearms vary. ALWAYS consider your travel mode, route, and destination and understand state requirements before traveling.

• Air Travel

•Never attempt to travel with firearms in your carryon luggage!

• Criminal intent or negligence/forgetfulness do not matter.

• Best practice is to always "unpack before you pack!"

- Ensure your luggage and clothing are clear of any firearms or ammunition.
- •Never use a range bag for a travel bag.

TRAVELING WITH FIREARMS

- Firearms and ammunition are ONLY accepted as checked baggage and must be declared to an agent at check in.
 - Firearms must be transported unloaded and in a locked, hard-sided container.
 - Most airlines do not accept firearms to be checked curbside.
- TSA provides a number of resources to assist you: blog.tsa.gov

www.tsa.gov

www.tsa.gov/travel/security-screening/prohibited-items

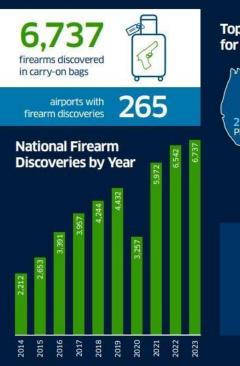
• Always check with the TSA, specific airport, and airline you're traveling with for exact rules and procedures.

TRAVELING WITH FIREARMS

 Each year nearly 7000 armed travelers are caught by TSA.
 2023 TSA Firearms Found
 6,737 firearms discovered in

carry-on bags nationwide and 93% were loaded

Firearms Discovered at TSA Checkpoints in 2023



Top 10 Airports for Firearm Discoveries







INVESTIGATOR INTRODUCTION

•Agent Jeff Heslop • Bureau of Criminal Identification Firearms Investigator **⊙**Utah Peace Officer Standards and Training (P.O.S.T.) **Certified Firearms Instructor** ⊙Utah Concealed Firearms Permit Certified Instructor OFFCIAL ENERGENC ⊙Bail Bonds/Enforcement Investigator • Law Enforcement Experience, 18+ years ⊙Utah Highway Patrol **•**SERT Team



WEAPONS LAWS

UNIFORM WEAPON LAW

- Except as specifically provided by state law, no one is...
 - ⊙ Prohibited from owning, possessing, purchasing, selling, transferring, transporting, or keeping any firearm in his place of residence, property, business, or in any vehicle lawfully in his possession or lawfully under his control; or
 - No permit or license required to purchase, own, possess, transport, or keep a firearm
 - No requirement to register firearms with the State of Utah

76-10-500 Uniform weapons

OPEN CARRY LAW

 Without a CFP: Open carry still exists but permit-less carry has, more or less, superseded it. A non-restricted person 21 years old can carry a loaded firearm on a public street with a few exceptions.

With CFP: ability to open carry or have concealed fully loaded
 Number of weapons and weapon type not specific

76-9-102 Disorderly Conduct

OPEN CARRY LAW

• All weapons have to be holstered or encased as of 2014. Amended Disorderly Conduct Statute

• Example: No more just open carry "slung" long guns



76-9-102 Disorderly Conduct

WEAPONS LAW THREATENING MANNER

• Threatening manner does not include:

- ⊙ The possession of a dangerous weapon, whether visible or concealed, without additional behavior which is threatening
- May place hand on weapon while holstered and advise the possession of the weapon and to verbally disengage from the confrontation
- Drawing your weapon without justification would be considered threatening behavior

https://le.utah.gov/xcode/Title76/Chapter10/76-10-<u>S506.html</u>

VEHICLES/STREETS



LOADED FIREARM VEHICLE OR STREET

• No CFP while in vehicle:

• Applies to handguns only: can have statutorily loaded or unloaded, concealed or not concealed • Person is 18 years or older ⊙ Is in lawful possession of the vehicle •Not a restricted person • No CFP on public street: •Non-restricted person 21 years old •May carry a loaded, concealed firearm

LOADED FIREARM VEHICLE OR STREET

- With CFP in Vehicle: Same as non CFP holders but now you can have loaded long guns.
- With CFP on Street: Can have as many handguns and/or rifles/shotguns either concealed or visible on person and be loaded or unloaded and encased
 - ⊙Remember a Utah Concealed Permit does not indicate how many or what type of firearms can be legally carried

76-10-505 Carrying Loaded Firearm in Vehicle or on Street

CONCEALED WEAPON VIOLATIONS

• No CFP: Recent changes to 76-10-523 caused 76-10-504(1) and (2) as well as 76-10-505(1)(b) to not apply to a non-restricted person 21 years or older.

• Concealed weapons violations can still apply

- If caught with concealed "loaded" firearm guilty of class A misdemeanor
- If caught with unlawfully possessed short barrel shotgun or a short barrel rifle (class 3 weapons) guilty of a 2nd Degree felony
- Reminder: Valid permit holders can carry legally owned firearms fully loaded and concealed

76-10-504 Carrying Concealed Firearm--Penalties

WORKPLACE POLICIES VS. LAW



PROTECTION OF ACTIVITIES PRIVATE VEHICLES

- Legal to store firearms in locked vehicles parked on private property
 - Employers may ban firearms on their property but;
 - MUST provide alternative parking at no cost to employee, or;
 - ⊙ Provide a secured and monitored storage location where the individual may securely store a firearm before proceeding with the vehicle on to the property

34-45-103 Protection of Certain Activities

PROTECTION OF ACTIVITIES PRIVATE VEHICLES

4-45-103 Protection of Certain Activities

• Exemptions to private parking lots

- School premises
- Governmental entities
- Religious organizations-acting as employer







WEAPONS LAWS EXEMPT PERSONS

- Concealed Weapon Act restrictions do not apply to any of the following:
 - US Marshal, or any federal official required to carry a firearm
 - Peace Officer of this or any other jurisdiction
 - Law Enforcement Official or Judge as defined and qualified
 - FFL Dealer engaged in regular business
 - ⊙ Non-Utah resident traveling through state, provided all firearms are unloaded and securely encased

76-10-523 Persons Exempt from Weapons Law

LAW ENFORCEMENT CONTACT

• Persons are not required in Utah to notify Law Enforcement about CFP • Utah residents: CFP status is on DL history when checked by police and is available to out-of-state law enforcement upon request • Encourage all individuals with or without CFP to be cooperative and comply with all lawful orders from police officers

77-7-15 Authority of Peace Officer to Stop and Question

LAW ENFORCEMENT CONTACT

Law enforcement advised to only keep and mail back CFP cards to BCI for Revoked status
Applies to resident Utah CFP ONLY!
Incidents involving a CFP disqualifying offense violation

• Forward a copy of the incident report to BCI

• Enforcement action is done by BCI Investigators, the final review and findings are done by the CFP board

• Common example: Mental health, Suicides

DISCHARGE OF FIREARM PRIVATE PROPERTY – LIABILITY

- A private property owner who knowingly allows a person who has a permit to carry a concealed firearm under Section 53-5-704 to bring a firearm onto the owner's property, is not civilly or criminally liable for any damage or harm resulting from the discharge of the firearm by the permit holder while on the owner's property.
- Civilly or Criminally Liable if property owner solicits, requests, commands, encourages, or intentionally aids in the firearms discharge
 53-5a-103 Discharge of Firearm on Private Property

EXCEPTION

⊙ Is civilly or criminally Liable if property owner solicits, requests, commands, encourages, or intentionally aids in the firearms discharge



53-5a-103 Discharge of Firearm on Private Property

Alcohol/Controlled Substance Violations

• Violation to carry dangerous weapon while under the influence of alcohol and or a controlled substance • Class B Misdemeanor •Not a Defense: • Has a valid concealed firearm permit • Licensed in the pursuit of hunting

76-10-528 Carrying a Dangerous Weapon Under the Influence

FIREARMS CONFISCATION PROHIBITION

•State of Emergency or Disaster:

- Government and law enforcement may not confiscate firearms if lawful to possess
- •Officers may not be disciplined for refusing to confiscate

 Law Enforcement and government may be subject to civil damages



53-2a-214 Prohibition of Restrictions on Confiscation of a Firearm

FEDERAL LAWS

FEDERAL FIREARM REGULATIONS

• Title 18 Chapter 44 - 922 Unlawful acts • Straw Purchase • Unlawful transport of firearm by non-licensed dealer, importer, manufacturer, or collector • Unlawful transfer of a firearm to restricted person OUnlawful possession of a firearm by restricted person • Unlawful possession of a firearm in a school zone

"STRAW" FIREARM PURCHASE

OKnowingly make or furnish a false or fictitious oral or written statement or misrepresented identification intending to deceive with respect to purchasing a firearm.



TRANSPORTING FIREARMS

Interstate transportation of a firearm for lawful purpose is allowed if:
The transporter is not a restricted person
The firearm is not restricted
Only FFLs may transport to engage in business
Firearm must be unloaded
Ammunition and firearm not readily accessible or

directly accessible from the passenger compartment unless in a locked container excluding glove box or console

FEDERAL FIREARM PROHIBITORS

FELONIES

Conviction punishable by term exceeding one year Not just felonies Includes pending felonies



CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE USE

• Unlawful user of controlled substance

• Possession (illegal) is a one year disqualifier even if case is dismissed or found not guilty

•Medical Marijuana cards currently create issues with firearm possession



DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

• Conviction of misdemeanor crime of domestic violence (MCDV)

⊙<u>M</u>isdemeanor

•No infractions

⊙ Felony DV would be denied as a felony

⊙<u>C</u>rimes

• Must be a conviction

⊙<u>D</u>omestic

⊙"Intimate partner" as defined by the FBI

⊙<u>V</u>iolence

• Must involve an element of force

ADJUDICATED MENTALLY DEFECTIVE

• Adjudicated mentally defective

 Prohibited for life, even with rights restored and or expunged

• Exceptions: Voluntary admits, in mental institution for observation/evaluation. Received ATF relief from disabilities under 18 U.S.C 478.144.



PROTECTIVE ORDER

• Protective order

•Utah protective orders are non expiring

- Has to have an element of cohabitation
 - •Restraining orders (neighbors), stalking injunctions, etc. are not prohibitors



ADDITIONAL FEDERAL PROHIBITORS

⊙ Illegally or unlawfully in the U.S.

• Dishonorable discharge from the armed forces

• Renounced U.S. citizenship

FEDERAL FIREARM PROHIBITORS

- ⊙ Illegal or unlawfully in the U.S.
- Dishonorable discharge from the armed forces
- Renounced U.S. citizenship
- Protective order
 - •Utah protective orders are non expiring.
 - Has to have element of cohabitation
 - •Restraining orders (neighbors), stalking injunctions, etc. are not prohibitors

• Conviction of misdemeanor crime of domestic violence (MCDV)

• Pending Felony Charges

FIREARMS ON SCHOOL PREMISES

- Unlawful to possess a firearm at a place that the individual knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, is a school zone
 - Exception: If the individual possessing the firearm is licensed to do so by the State in which the school zone is located
- Public schools: A valid concealed firearm permit holder can possess a firearm within a public school
 - Private schools can restrict firearms (similar to private property owners)

FIREARMS ON SCHOOL PREMISES

• Exceptions:

- OLaw Enforcement
- **OUtah** Concealed Firearm Permit Holder
- ⊙The possession is approved by the responsible school administrator; for a lawful approved activity and is in the possession or control of the responsible person
- ⊙In any vehicle lawfully under the person's control

76-10-505.5 Possession of a Dangerous Weapon on School Property

Selling Firearms

●Cannot sell to anyone outside your state of residency

 Exception, Utah residents can sell firearm to active duty military personnel stationed in Utah
 Must have duty orders-PCS Orders

•No registration required

• Only transactions at the FFL dealership are registered

• Cannot sell to anyone under 18 years of age

● Suggest that a non-licensed sale include a bill of sale between parties to prove the transfer

YOUR RESPONSIBILITY

⊙It is the responsibility of each instructor and/or permit holder to keep up with changes in Federal law, Utah law, and Administrative rules.

Remember Laws Change!!

ONLINE REFERENCES

OBCI Website Obci.utah.gov OUtah Criminal and Traffic Codes Ole.utah.gov



BCI INFORMATION

• Physical address/mailing address:

Bureau of Criminal Identification 4315 South 2700 West Taylorsville, UT 84129 (801) 965-4445 dpsfirearms@utah.gov

BCI INFORMATION

•Contacts:

- Sgt. Brady Zaugg Investigations Supervisor 801-281-5011
- Agent Jeff Heslop
 Firearms Investigator
 (801) 281-5053
- Mindy Lindquist
 Criminal Compliance Specialist
 (801) 281-5064
- Agent Colby Vanderbeek
 Firearms Investigator
 (801) 281-5069

QUESTIONS?

