Google Cloud Next'24 Ingress traffic management for your fleet using Google Kubernetes **Engine Enterprise**





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Agenda

01 Ingress Traffic to GKE Services **O2** Platform Engineering with **GKE Enterprise O3** GKE Fleet Networking **04** Ingress to your GKE Fleet



Proprietary

Ingress Traffic to GKE Services

With GKE Enterprise



GKE Networking



Kubernetes Core

GKE Networking is K8s networking built on OSS foundation

Consistent with GKE, Google Distributed Cloud



VPC Native

Complete out of the box integrations with Google Cloud Networking

VPC features & scale



Security & Services

Rich Network Policy

GKE Gateway for unified access to rich network services

Integrated GCP services with Cloud DNS, Cloud Armor, Cloud Load Balancing and more

GKE Services

A <u>Service</u> is a method for exposing a network application that is running as one or more Pods in your cluster.

Accessible from within the cluster



ClusterIP

Collection of backend Pods with a unique Service **IP** address



Headless

Collection of backend Pods with no Service IP address



Multi-cluster Services

Collection of backend Pods with a unique Service IP address across clusters

Accessible from outside the cluster



NodePort Collection of nodes* listening on the same host port with no Service IP address



LoadBalancer Collection of nodes* or Pods with a unique Network Load Balancer IP address



(Multi-cluster) Gateway/Ingress Collection of nodes* or Pods with a unique Application Load Balancer IP address

* nodes = VM instances

Routing Traffic from Outside to GKE Services

LoadBalancer



Service exposed with an "external" IP (i.e. outside of the GKE space)

Traffic forwarded to the GKE nodes first, then to the pods

Managed passthrough network load balancer (with Direct Server Return)

Headless



Service discovery & resolution required for pod names/IP (Cloud DNS VPC Scope or other)

Traffic forwarded to the GKE pods directly

No load balancer required

Gateway & Ingress



Service exposed with an "external" IP (i.e. outside of the GKE space)

Traffic forwarded to the GKE pods directly

Managed proxy application load balancer (with session termination)

GKE-Managed Load Balancers

A Kubernetes-native API



Google-hosted Kubernetes controllers & Cloud Load Balancing

We are building a Platform for our application teams and we want them to focus on the business logic, not the Cloud infrastructure."

[7]

Jane Doe, Platform Engineer, The Company

Platform Engineering

With GKE Enterprise



GKE Enterprise Fleets key capabilities make Platform building Simpler

Scale easier with multi-cluster management

- Fleet-based multi-cluster management
- Fleet wide Security and governance with Policy Manager
- Cost and performance visibility across Fleets and Teams
- Multi-Cluster Networking, Load balancing & Service Meshing
- GitOps for automated
 infrastructure management

Provide self service multi-tenancy with teams

- Fleet-based multi-team management
- Self-service developer environments
- Private Access to Clusters w/ Connect Gateway
- Cost and Performance dashboards and recommendation for each team

Save with a managed container platform

- Run on multi-cloud, on-prem, and edge based workloads with one Platform
- OSS tools turned into Managed Services (Config Sync, OPA, Gateway Controllers, Istio)
- Unified operations console for visibility across fleets

Fleets

A Fleet is a collection of Kubernetes clusters, that function together to serve an Environment. (Example: my production infrastructure for a line-of-business)

A fleet is a visible entity that has an identity, ownership, and permissions. A fleet is hosted in a GCP project, but can contain resources from multiple GCP Projects, public clouds, and on-premises environments.

You can have multiple fleets per GCP organization.







States of Kubernetes Namespaces: managed

Kubernetes namespaces (KNS) which have the same name as an FNS and there is a binding from their scope to their cluster are called "managed" KNS. These are legit namespaces which are approved to exist on their clusters.



Centrally Managed Fleet Features

• Workload identity pools

Common workload identity pool that can be used to authenticate and authorize workloads uniformly.

• Anthos Service Mesh

Form a service mesh across the resources within the fleet.

• Multi Cluster Gateway

Load balance the traffic across services within the fleet.

• Policy Controller

Managed OPA/Gatekeeper with prebuilt constraints

• **Config Management** Deploy declarative configuration and policies within the fleet.

Kubernetes Security Posture Policy Controller, Advanced Vulnerability Insights,

Workload identity pools

Anthos Service Mesh

Multi Cluster Gateways / Ingress

Policy Controller

Config Management

Kubernetes Security Posture

Centrally Managed Fleet Features for Shapes of App Clusters



Production Fleet GKE **A** Fleet Group: App Cluster Shape 1 Region: us-west ... GKE Fleet Group: App Cluster Shape 1 Region: us-east ... GKE Fleet Group: App Cluster Shape 2 Region: us-west ••• GKE Fleet Group: App Cluster Shape 2 Region: us-east • • •

Config Management & Policy Controller



Production Fleet			
	GKE Fleet Group: App Cluster Shape 1 Region: us-west 		
	GKE Fleet Group: App Cluster Shape 1 Region: us-east 		
<u></u>	GKE Fleet Group: App Cluster Shape 1 Region: us-west 		
	GKE Fleet Group: App Cluster Shape 1 Region: us-east 		

Fleet Multi-Cluster Networking

With GKE Enterprise

Fleet Multi-Cluster Networking



Multi-Cluster Services

Run Services across clusters for higher availability and geo-distributed applications



Multi-Cluster Gateway

Route ingress traffic to multi-cluster services with advanced traffic management and security capabilities

Topics for today's session





Service Mesh

Route east-west traffic across clusters with advanced traffic management, observability and security capabilities

Multi-Cluster Service

A Foundation for Multi-cluster Networking based on an open source API standard, powered by Google infrastructure

Kubernetes APIs for producing and consuming Services that select endpoints across clusters



Cross-cluster ClusterIP Service for East-West Traffic management with no sidecar



Central control plane that supports all cloud runtimes for future integrations



Flexible deployment strategies for projects and VPC networks



Foundational element for Multi-Cluster Gateway



Multi-Cluster Gateway

Google Cloud Load Balancers managed through GKE controllers to deliver advanced traffic management capabilities for distributed applications running on GKE



Kubernetes native API to express your routing intent



Single Anycast IP for your global applications in GKE



Supports for regional internal or external deployments for compliance



Advanced traffic management capabilities across zones and regions



Protect services from DDoS and application layer attacks with Cloud Armor



Foundation: An open source API

Extensible support for multiple implementations, OSS + vendor specific options.

Gateway API: a single, unified, extensible, role-oriented API for **Kubernetes** Service Networking.

Kubernetes-native, open-source, portable with conformance testing.





Scope: All Kubernetes services: L4 and L7 load-balancing, service mesh (Istio)



Persona-based resource design to support complex deployments.

Kubernetes Gateway API is now GA



Extensible through Policies





GKE Gateway: Google's implementation



- Supports internal and external Application Load Balancers
- Host, path, header-based routing
- HTTP header manipulation
- Weight-based traffic splitting
- Traffic capacity-based load balancing
- Traffic mirroring

- load balancing
- **Cloud CDN**

A set of Google-hosted Kubernetes controllers that orchestrate Google **Cloud Load Balancers via the open** source Gateway API specification.

Multi-cluster Gateways (MCGs) for internal and external Support for Cloud Armor, Identity-Aware Proxy (IAP), and

Geographic-based load balancing End-to-end TLS between client and backends

Multi-Cluster Gateway Use Cases



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Control plane



GCP Project



Single Cluster, "Regular" Service



ClusterIP Service with a unique IP for the Service

Service Discovery through DNS with an entry in the cluster.local. DNS zone

All other pods can communicate with the Service by name/IP

Other cloud runtimes can communicate with the service via load balancer or with the pods using their IP addresses

Google Cloud

Control plane



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New region, new cluster



More capacity

Closer to your clients/users



Increased east-west and north-south routing complexity (IP, DNS, load balancing) No built-in cross-region service discovery

DNS-based failover strategy





Fleet and Multi-Cluster Service Enablement



GKE Enterprise enablement at the project level

Networking APIs enablement at the project level (MCS, DNS, Traffic Director)

Fleet feature enablement (Multi-cluster Service Discovery)

New controllers watching MCS APIs and connected to Traffic Director and Cloud DNS

Namespace-sameness for fleet consistency



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Exporting a Service to the fleet



ServiceExport resources created on fleet members running the service

MCS Hub controller is updated with endpoints information and creates the appropriate resources (Routing rule map, Service, NEGs)



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[MC]Service Import on fleet members



ServiceImport resources dynamically created on other members with the fleet namespace created (ClusterSetIP)

Creation of a [Multi-Cluster] Service (ClusterIP) on each fleet member populated with all the endpoint IP addresses

Traffic Director pushes remote endpoints information to all clusters

Service name registered with private managed DNS zone (Cloud DNS) with clusterset.local. domain



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Expand the fleet with new members



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Expand the fleet with new members



New cluster added to the fleet

Fleet namespace added to the new cluster

Multi-cluster Service imported to the new cluster in the fleet namespace

Connectivity to all pods backing a multi-cluster service is automated



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Adding a config cluster to manage your (multi-cluster) Gateway



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Adding a config cluster to manage your (multi-cluster) Gateway



New cluster (config-cluster) added to the fleet

Fleet namespace extended to the config cluster

Multi-cluster Service imported to the new cluster in the fleet

namespace

Connectivity to all pods backing a multi-cluster service is automated



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Multi-cluster Gateway creation



Gateway resource added to the config-cluster

Google-hosted GKE Gateway controller watches Gateway APIs on the config-cluster

GKE Gateway controller creates Cloud Load Balancing resources in the fleet host project



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Targeting Multi-Cluster Services with a Gateway



HTTPRoute resource added to the config-cluster

Corresponding backend service created in the fleet host project

Existing Zonal NEGs attached to the backend service to enable connectivity with Google Front End network

Users can connect to the distributed service in the fleet

Ingress Traffic to GKE Fleets

With GKE Enterprise



Multi-Cluster Gateways GKEE Deployment Patterns



Shared Global

Gateway

A platform-managed Gateway with global connectivity for different teams



Shared Internal Regional Gateways

A set of platform-managed Gateways with regional connectivity only and DNS Failover routing policies





Dedicated Gateway per Team

A platform-managed Gateway dedicated to a Team for more flexibility and control

Shared Global Gateway per Environment



Global Multi-Cluster Gateway managed by the Platform Team

Routes and Services managed by the Application Teams

Proximity routing with anycast IP and consistent security policy across the organization and environments

One Multi-Cluster Gateway per fleet project. (Future - One Gateway for multiple cluster projects)

Shared Internal Regional Gateways per Environment



- Regional Multi-Cluster Gateways managed by the Platform Team
- Routes and Services managed by the Application Teams
- Local routing with a Gateway regional IP address and differentiated security policies per region
- Failover across regions with Global access and DNS failover routing policies, with flexible traffic shifting strategies
- Future Cross-region backends to unlock Global Internal Gateways for GKE

Dedicated Gateway per Team



Gateways managed by the Platform Team or the Application teams

Routes and Services managed by the Application Teams

Flexible design that allows some Applications to be globally distributed and some to remain local to a region

Key Takeaways

GKE Enterprise Multi-Cluster Networking is essential to help you build regionally and globally distributed secure applications



- multi-tenant platform

GKE Enterprise with fleet-based multi-cluster management simplifies the operation model for a

Multi-Cluster Services provides cross-geo redundancy for your critical services

Multi-Cluster Gateway, a fleet-managed load balancing solution with advanced traffic management and security capabilities

Flexible designs and deployment patterns, at the edge of the fleet and beyond, to help your platform & application teams deliver faster together

We are interested in your feedback!

Connect with a GKE/Serverless PM or UX researcher.







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