

114TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 1428

To extend Privacy Act remedies to citizens of certified states, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 18, 2015

Mr. SENSENBRENNER (for himself and Mr. CONYERS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To extend Privacy Act remedies to citizens of certified states, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Judicial Redress Act
5 of 2015”.

1 **SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF PRIVACY ACT REMEDIES TO CITI-**
2 **ZENS OF DESIGNATED COUNTRIES.**

3 (a) **CIVIL ACTION; CIVIL REMEDIES.**—With respect
4 to covered records, a covered person may bring a civil ac-
5 tion against an agency and obtain civil remedies, in the
6 same manner, to the same extent, and subject to the same
7 limitations, including exemptions and exceptions, as an in-
8 dividual may bring and obtain with respect to records
9 under—

10 (1) section 552a(g)(1)(D) of title 5, United
11 States Code, but only with respect to disclosures in-
12 tentiously or willfully made in violation of section
13 552a(b) of such title; and

14 (2) subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section
15 552a(g)(1) of title 5, United States Code, but such
16 an action may only be brought against a designated
17 Federal agency or component.

18 (b) **EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES.**—The remedies set forth
19 in subsection (a) are the exclusive remedies available to
20 a covered person under this section.

21 (c) **APPLICATION OF THE PRIVACY ACT WITH RE-**
22 **SPECT TO A COVERED PERSON.**—For purposes of a civil
23 action described in subsection (a), a covered person shall
24 have the same rights, and be subject to the same limita-
25 tions, including exemptions and exceptions, as an indi-
26 vidual has and is subject to under section 552a of title

1 5, United States Code, when pursuing the civil remedies
2 described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a).

3 (d) DESIGNATION OF COVERED COUNTRY.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may,
5 with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, the
6 Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of
7 Homeland Security, designate a foreign country or
8 regional economic integration organization, or mem-
9 ber country of such organization, as a “covered
10 country” for purposes of this section if—

11 (A) the country or regional economic inte-
12 gration organization, or member country of
13 such organization, has entered into an agree-
14 ment with the United States that provides for
15 appropriate privacy protections for information
16 shared for the purpose of preventing, inves-
17 tigating, detecting, or prosecuting criminal of-
18 fenses; or

19 (B) the Attorney General has determined
20 that the country or regional economic integra-
21 tion organization, or member country of such
22 organization, has effectively shared information
23 with the United States for the purpose of pre-
24 venting, investigating, detecting, or prosecuting

1 criminal offenses and has appropriate privacy
2 protections for such shared information.

3 (2) REMOVAL OF DESIGNATION.—The Attorney
4 General may, with the concurrence of the Secretary
5 of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Sec-
6 retary of Homeland Security, revoke the designation
7 of a foreign country or regional economic integration
8 organization, or member country of such organiza-
9 tion, as a “covered country” if the Attorney General
10 determines that such designated “covered coun-
11 try”—

12 (A) is not complying with the agreement
13 described under paragraph (1)(A);

14 (B) no longer meets the requirements for
15 designation under paragraph (1)(B); or

16 (C) impedes the transfer of information
17 (for purposes of reporting or preventing unlaw-
18 ful activity) to the United States by a private
19 entity or person.

20 (e) DESIGNATION OF DESIGNATED FEDERAL AGEN-
21 CY OR COMPONENT.—

22 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall
23 determine whether an agency or component thereof
24 is a “designated Federal agency or component” for
25 purposes of this section. The Attorney General shall

1 not designate any agency or component thereof other
2 than the Department of Justice or a component of
3 the Department of Justice without the concurrence
4 of the head of the relevant agency, or of the agency
5 to which the component belongs.

6 (2) REQUIREMENTS FOR DESIGNATION.—The
7 Attorney General may determine that an agency or
8 component of an agency is a “designated Federal
9 agency or component” for purposes of this section,
10 if—

11 (A) the Attorney General determines that
12 information exchanged by such agency with a
13 covered country is within the scope of an agree-
14 ment referred to in subsection (d)(1)(A); or

15 (B) with respect to a country or regional
16 economic integration organization, or member
17 country of such organization, that has been des-
18 ignated as a “covered country” under sub-
19 section (d)(1)(B), the Attorney General deter-
20 mines that designating such agency or compo-
21 nent thereof is in the law enforcement interests
22 of the United States.

23 (f) FEDERAL REGISTER REQUIREMENT; NON-
24 REVIEWABLE DETERMINATION.—The Attorney General
25 shall publish each determination made under subsections

1 (d) and (e). Such determination shall not be subject to
2 judicial or administrative review.

3 (g) JURISDICTION.—The United States District
4 Court for the District of Columbia shall have exclusive ju-
5 risdiction over any claim arising under this section.

6 (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this Act:

7 (1) AGENCY.—The term “agency” has the
8 meaning given that term in section 552(f) of title 5,
9 United States Code.

10 (2) COVERED COUNTRY.—The term “covered
11 country” means a country or regional economic inte-
12 gration organization, or member country of such or-
13 ganization, designated in accordance with subsection
14 (d).

15 (3) COVERED PERSON.—The term “covered
16 person” means a natural person (other than an indi-
17 vidual) who is a citizen of a covered country.

18 (4) COVERED RECORD.—The term “covered
19 record” has the same meaning for a covered person
20 as a record has for an individual under section 552a
21 of title 5, United States Code, once the covered
22 record is transferred—

23 (A) by a public authority of, or private en-
24 tity within, a country or regional economic or-
25 ganization, or member country of such organi-

1 zation, which at the time the record is trans-
2 ferred is a covered country; and

3 (B) to a designated Federal agency or
4 component for purposes of preventing, inves-
5 tigating, detecting, or prosecuting criminal of-
6 fenses.

7 (5) DESIGNATED FEDERAL AGENCY OR COMPO-
8 NENT.—The term “designated Federal agency or
9 component” means a Federal agency or component
10 of an agency designated in accordance with sub-
11 section (e).

12 (6) INDIVIDUAL.—The term “individual” has
13 the meaning given that term in section 552a(a)(2)
14 of title 5, United States Code.

15 (i) PRESERVATION OF PRIVILEGES.—Nothing in this
16 section shall be construed to waive any applicable privilege
17 or require the disclosure of classified information. Upon
18 an agency’s request, the district court shall review in cam-
19 era and ex parte any submission by the agency in connec-
20 tion with this subsection.

21 (j) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This Act shall take effect 90
22 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

○