EXHIBIT A

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13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
14	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
15	SAN JOSE DIVISION		
16		2 N 44 2404 (XXXX (D2 C)	
17	APPLE INC., a California corporation,	Case No. 11-cv-01846-LHK (PSG)	
18	Plaintiff,	APPLE'S RESPONSE TO SAMSUNG'S OBJECTIONS TO	
19	V.	APPLE'S REPLY EVIDENCE	
20	SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD., a Korean corporation; SAMSUNG		
21	ELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC., a New York corporation; and SAMSUNG		
22	TELECOMMUNICATIONS AMERICA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,		
23	Defendants.		
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	APPLE'S RESPONSE TO SAMSUNG'S OBJECTIONS TO APPLE'S REPLY EVIDENCE Case No. 11-cv-01846-LHK (PSG)		

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INTRODUCTION

Samsung's objections to the evidence in Apple's Permanent Injunction and JMOL replies should be rejected because that evidence simply responds to the evidence and arguments in Samsung's oppositions. Reply evidence should not be stricken as "new" when, as here, "it is submitted in direct response to proof adduced in opposition to a motion." Edwards v. Toys "R" Us, 527 F. Supp. 2d 1197, 1205 n. 31 (C.D. Cal. 2007) (denying motion to strike); EEOC v. Creative Networks, LLC, No. cv-05-3032, 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 103381, at *6 (D. Ariz. Dec. 15, 2008) (denying motion to strike reply exhibits that "rebut arguments first raised by Plaintiff in its opposition"). Indeed, this Court overruled Samsung's similar objections to Apple's reply evidence in support of its preliminary injunction motions that was "responsive to arguments and evidence raised by Samsung in its opposition papers." Apple, Inc. v. Samsung Elecs. Co., No. 12–CV–00630–LHK, 2012 WL 2572037, at *4 (N.D. Cal. July 1, 2012); Dkt. 452 at 6-7.

In a ruling last week, Magistrate Judge Grewal agreed with Apple that its reply declarations are rebuttal to Samsung's oppositions, "such that they are not improperly raised in reply." (Dkt. 2158 at 5.) Judge Grewal also allowed Samsung to depose Apple's reply declarants, mooting Samsung's argument that it has not had an opportunity to "test" the reply declarations through depositions. (*Id.* at 7.)

Karan Singh's Reply Declaration

Samsung's objection to Dr. Singh's Reply Declaration (Dkt. 2127-3) is unfounded. Apple filed this declaration solely to reply to Samsung's new argument that it had "implemented noninfringing design-arounds," which cited Stephen Gray's new expert opinion that Samsung's "new source code" does not infringe the '915 patent. (Dkt. 2054 at 14:5; Dkt. 2054-2 ¶ 31.)

Samsung does not dispute that Dr. Singh's Reply Declaration is valid rebuttal, but nevertheless contends it should be stricken because Apple "never discusses the content of the Singh Declaration in its Reply." (Dkt. 2147 at 1:16.) Apple's reply brief described Dr. Singh's declaration as showing that Samsung's "modified code still infringes because it distinguishes between a single input point and multiple input points." (Dkt. 2127 at 9 n.5 (under seal), citing Singh Decl. ¶¶ 20, 23-42 & Ex. A at 49:21-51:4; Dkt. No. 2054-2 ¶ 42.) This description is more APPLE'S RESPONSE TO SAMSUNG'S OBJECTIONS TO APPLE'S REPLY EVIDENCE 1 CASE NO. 11-CV-01846-LHK (PSG)

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detailed than Samsung's barebones description of the declarations of Mr. Gray and two others about alleged design-arounds. (Dkt. 2054 at 14:4-6 (under seal) ("Samsung has implemented non-infringing design-arounds" of the '163 and '915 patents, citing Gray Decl., ¶ 11-55; Choi Decl., ¶¶ 13-19, 22; Rowden Decl. ¶¶ 3-7.) If Dr. Singh's declaration were stricken, Mr. Gray's declaration should also be stricken—which would obviate any need for Dr. Singh's rebuttal.

Samsung's claim that Dr. Singh offers a "new infringement theory" (Dkt. 2147 at 2:5-6) is overstated. Dr. Singh opined that Samsung's "modified code flow is very similar to that for the Galaxy Tab 10.1, which the jury found to infringe," and about which he testified at trial. (Dkt. 2127-3 ¶ 30 (under seal); Tr. 1826:2-1827:17.) When Dr. Singh used a Samsung device with the modified code, he "observed the exact same infringing behavior as in the old code." (Dkt. 2127-3 ¶ 24.) Mr. Gray likewise admitted that "the observed behavior" of the Galaxy Tab 10.1 used at trial and the Galaxy S II running the modified code was "not different in any way that . . . is relevant to determining infringement or non-infringement of the '915 patent." (Dkt. 2149-7 at 81:8-11.) Contrary to Samsung's assertion (Dkt. 2147 at 1:19-27), Dr. Singh's testimony regarding a Galaxy S III running the same modified Android 4.0.4 code is not objectionable, since this code operates in the same manner regardless of whether it is in a Galaxy S II or a Galaxy S III. In any event, Samsung will have an opportunity to depose Dr. Singh, so Samsung's lament about its lack of "an opportunity to test" Dr. Singh's infringement opinion is unfounded.

В. John Hauser's Reply Declaration

Samsung's objection to Dr. Hauser's "new opinion" in his Reply Declaration (Dkt. 2130) is equally unfounded. Apple submitted this declaration solely to reply to new opinions from two entirely new Samsung experts (Yoram (Jerry) Wind and Tülin Erdem) and new opinions from a prior expert (Dr. Sukumar), all of which Samsung presented for the first time in its October 19 opposition. None of these opinions was disclosed in prior expert reports, in prior expert discovery or at trial, so Apple and Dr. Hauser could not have addressed them earlier. Because Dr. Hauser merely replied to Samsung's new expert opinions, Dr. Hauser's declaration is not "new." See Edwards, 527 F. Supp. 2d at 1205 n. 31 ("Evidence is not 'new,' however, if it is submitted in direct response to proof adduced in opposition to a motion...") Moreover, Samsung APPLE'S RESPONSE TO SAMSUNG'S OBJECTIONS TO APPLE'S REPLY EVIDENCE 2 CASE NO. 11-CV-01846-LHK (PSG)

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concedes that Dr. Hauser testified at trial to the same opinions regarding consumer demand that he disclosed in his reply declaration. (Dkt. 2147 at 2:18-21, citing Tr. 1916:11-13.) The economic textbooks cited by Dr. Hauser are proper foundation, see Fed. R. Evid. 703, 803(18), and what Samsung terms "new calculations" are merely revisions to Dr. Wind's and Dr. Sukumar's new calculations, presented for the first time in Samsung's opposition, adjusted to use the proper methodology and assumptions. (See Dkt. 2130 ¶¶ 21-24, 28-29; Dkt. 2130-5.)

Dr. Hauser's citations to Dr. Wind's deposition are not misleading or incomplete. They accurately reflect Dr. Wind's answers and include nearly all the pages to which Samsung refers, and Apple does not object to including the few other pages to which Samsung refers. Nor does Dr. Hauser's declaration circumvent the Court's briefing order. It responds to the much longer declarations of three experts as concisely as possible (18 pages for Dr. Hauser compared to over 70 pages for Samsung's three new expert opinions), and corroborates specific statements about Dr. Hauser's work in Apple's reply. (Dkt. 2127-2 (under seal)) at 4:16-5:20.) Apple's reply cites most of Dr. Hauser's declaration, and the remaining portions provide further corroboration that Samsung's new criticisms of Dr. Hauser lack merit. (Dkt. 2130, ¶¶ 10, 44-48 (replying to criticisms of Dr. Wind and Dr. Erdem); ¶¶ 18, 31, and 35-39 (replying to Samsung's assertions of bias and lack of validation); ¶¶ 26-29 (replying to Dr. Sukumar).)

Exhibits to Richard S.J. Hung's Reply Declaration C.

Samsung's objection to Hung Declaration Exhibits 1 through 8 fails because those exhibits are classic rebuttal. Samsung's Permanent Injunction Opposition included a new declaration alleging that "SEC has never produced the Galaxy Ace . . . or the Galaxy S II (i9100) . . . for sale . . . in the United States " (Dkt. 2055 ¶ 3; see Dkt. 2054 at 14:1.) Exhibits 1 through 8 rebut this assertion: they are advertisements and sales receipts showing that the Galaxy Ace and Galaxy S II (i9100) were on sale in the United States both before and after the verdict. (Dkt. 2127-5 through 12; Dkt. 2127-2 at 8 n.3.)

Hung Exhibits 9 to 14 also constitute valid rebuttal. Samsung argued in its opposition that Apple had "overstated" the importance of design to purchasers and had not shown that its patented designs "drive consumer demand," citing the Federal Circuit's recent decision and APPLE'S RESPONSE TO SAMSUNG'S OBJECTIONS TO APPLE'S REPLY EVIDENCE

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various evidence. (Dkt. 2054 at 4:9-6:18.) Apple replied by citing Exhibits 9 to 14 as further evidence that Samsung recognized that design is an important driver of the iPhone's success; consumers viewed Samsung's non-infringing (pre-Galaxy S) designs as less desirable than Apple's iPhone; and consumers liked Apple's patented designs and the similarity of Samsung's products to those designs. (Dkt. 2127 at 2:15-18, 3:14-21 (under seal).)

Samsung's objection to portions of the deposition testimony in Hung Exhibits 15 to 17 fails because those portions provide context for the issues discussed in Apple's reply, and are cited by Dr. Hauser and Dr. Singh in their declarations. (Dkt. 2130, footnotes 5-6, 16-18, 27-29, 33, 42-43, 54, 60-61, 63, and 65; Dkt. 2127-3 ¶¶ 8, 17, 20, 26, and 28.)

D. Marylee Robinson's Reply Declaration

Samsung's objections to Ms. Robinson's opinions on supplemental damages and enhanced damages (Dkt. 2129) are unfounded. Samsung had the opportunity to question her about both subjects at her November 5 deposition, except where Samsung's own conduct prevented her from updating her calculations. (*See* Dkt. 2149-1 at 4:3-5:16; Dkt. 2149-2 ¶ 6 and Ex. 2 at 74:18-97:7.) While Judge Grewal granted Samsung's request to depose Ms. Robinson, Samsung has voluntarily withdrawn this request, confirming that her reply declaration does not include any "new" or objectionable material that would warrant a deposition. (Declaration of Richard S.J. Hung ISO Apple's Motion for Leave to File Response, submitted herewith, ¶ 3.)

Supplemental Damages. Paragraph 5 of Ms. Robinson's reply declaration corroborates Apple's statements in its reply about Samsung's reliance in its opposition on summary data for which Samsung had failed to provide full disclosure. (Dkt. 2132 at 18:10-13). Ms. Robinson based her understanding of Samsung's decision to withhold more comprehensive data from Apple on Samsung's own admissions (see Dkt. 2127-26, 27), and her personal experience reviewing the other sales data that Samsung previously produced, which are proper bases for an expert opinion. See Fed. R. Evid. 703 ("expert may base an opinion on facts" she "has been made aware of"). Samsung argument that Apple did not request updated sales data and records before Samsung filed its opposition ignores that Apple repeatedly requested this information after Samsung relied on summary data in its opposition. (See Dkt. 2149-1 at 4:18-28.)

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1	Samsung misstates the record by claiming that Ms. Robinson improperly withheld her	
2	alternative supplemental damages calculation. Ms. Robinson offered that calculation to reply to	
3	Samsung's new argument in its opposition that its partial sales data should be used instead of	
4	sales projections. It was Samsung, not Ms. Robinson, that refused to provide relevant	
5	information until two days after Ms. Robinson's deposition. (See Dkt. 2149-1 at 4:18-5:4.)	
6	Ms. Robinson could not have addressed this issue in her opening declaration, and based the	
7	calculations in her reply declaration on the same methodology disclosed in her September 21	
8	declaration and exhibits (Dkt. 1982-71 ¶ 11; Dkt. 1982-74).	
9	Enhanced Damages. Samsung's "objections" improperly address the merits of	
10	Ms. Robinson's calculations, not the admissibility of her declaration. Samsung's merits arguments	
11	should be disregarded as contrary to the local rules and an improper attempt to circumvent the	
12	Court's page limits. (Civil L.R. 7-3(d) (evidentiary objections "may not include further argument	
13	on the motion"); Dkt. 1945 at 3 (briefing page limits will be "strictly enforced").) Ms. Robinson's	
14	statements are consistent with her deposition and the law. Grain Processing Corp. v Am. Maize-	
15	Prods. Co., 185 F.3d 1341, 1355 (Fed. Cir. 1999), cited by Samsung, does not hold that lost profit	
16	cannot be recovered when a design-around is available, only that this is one of many	
17	considerations affecting the proof of lost sales. Moreover, Ms. Robinson's opinions concern	
18	Apple's losses under the Lanham Act, not 35 U.S.C. § 284, which was the subject of Grain	
19	Processing. And contrary to Samsung's argument, Ms. Robinson stated at her deposition that her	
20	analysis did not double-count. (Dkt. 2149-4 at 86:4-25.) Her statements, analysis, and the bases	
21	for them were fully disclosed in her declarations and are admissible.	
22	CONCLUSION	
23	Apple's reply evidence is valid rebuttal to the evidence and arguments in Samsung's	
24	opposition. Samsung's objections should be overruled.	
25	Dated: November 26, 2012 MORRISON & FOERSTER LLP	
26	By: <u>/s/ Michael A. Jacobs</u> Michael A. Jacobs	
27	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
28	APPLE INC.	

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