Exhibit 6

IV. THE '652 PATENT

A. Anticipation

Pursuant to P.R. 121, Defendants identify the following prior art now known to Defendants to anticipate at least one of the asserted claims of the '652 Patent under at least 35 U.S.C. §§ 102(a), (b), (e), and/or (g), either expressly or inherently as understood by a person having ordinary skill in the art. In some instances, Defendants have treated certain prior art as anticipatory where certain elements are inherently present, and in particular where elements are inherently present based on Plaintiff's apparent claim construction in its Infringement Contentions. Invalidity claim charts for these references with respect to the '652 Patent are attached to these Invalidity Contentions.

- 1. U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik (issued May 5, 1998)
- 2. U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al. (issued June 15, 1999)
- 3. U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella (issued August 18, 1998)
- 4. U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al. (issued September 28, 1999)
- 5. U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al., (issued April 14, 1998)
- 6. PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al. (published December 22, 1994)
- 7. The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide (2d ed. 1994)
- 8. Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh (1994)
- 9. Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on sale related to BackWeb, as exemplified by the Rakavy '040 patent and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants, Defendants believe that such a system was designed and developed by BackWeb before August 22, 1995, and may have been in public use or on sale by BackWeb before March 22, 1995.
- 10. Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on sale by AT&T Corp., as exemplified by the U.S. Patent No. U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants,

 Defendants believe that such a system was designed and developed by AT&T Corp. before March

24, 1995, and may have been in public use or on sale by AT&T Corp. before March 22, 1995.

- 11. Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on sale related to PointCast, as exemplified by the Reilly '549 patent and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants, Defendants believe that such a system was designed, and developed by PointCast, Inc., before June 12, 1995, and may have been in public use or on sale by PointCast, Inc., before March 22, 1995.
- 12. Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on sale related to AOL's email or instant messaging systems, as exemplified by "The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide" (2d ed. 1994) and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants, Defendants believe that such a system was designed and developed by AOL during or prior to 1994, and may have been in public use or on sale by AOL during or prior to 1994.
- 13. Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on sale related to the Zephyr Notification Service, as exemplified by "The Zephyr Notification Service," C. Anthony DellaFera, MIT 1988, and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants, Defendants believe that such a system was designed and developed by Ciarán Anthony DellaFera, Michael R. Gretzinger, Mark W. Eichin, Robert S. French, David C. Jedlinsky, John T. Kohl, and/or William E. Sommerfeld during or prior to 1986, and may have been in public use or on sale by Ciarán Anthony DellaFera, Michael R. Gretzinger, Mark W. Eichin, Robert S. French, David C. Jedlinsky, John T. Kohl, and/or William E. Sommerfeld before March 22, 1995.

B. Obviousness

Pursuant to P.R. 121, Defendants identify the following additional prior art references and systems now known to Defendants that either alone or in combination with other prior art (including any of the above-identified anticipatory prior art and the additional prior art disclosed in this section) render one or more of the asserted claims of the '652 Patent invalid as obvious under 35 U.S.C. § 103. Invalidity claim charts for these references with respect to the '652 Patent are also attached to these Invalidity Contentions. Defendants further identify combinations of

prior art (including any of the above-identified anticipatory prior art and the additional prior art disclosed in this section) that render one or more of the asserted claims of the '652 Patent invalid as obvious under 35 U.S.C. § 103. In certain instances, the suggested obviousness combinations are provided in the alternative to Defendants' anticipation contentions and are not to be construed to suggest that any reference included in the combinations is not by itself anticipatory.

- 1. U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson (issued November 5, 1996)
- 2. U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al. (issued October 6, 1998)
- 3. U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al. (issued August 18, 1998)
- 4. U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al. (issued July 25, 1995)
- 5. U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al. (issued May 3, 1994)
- 6. U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al. (issued July 14, 1998)
- 7. U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al. (issued April 1, 1997)
- 8. The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera, (MIT 1988)
- 9. Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on sale related to DeskPicture by Peirce Software and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants, Defendants believe that such a system was designed and developed by Peirce Software during or prior to 1993, and may have been in public use or on sale by Peirce Software during or prior to 1993.
- 10. Director Demystified, Creating Interactive Multimedia with Macromedia DirectorJason Roberts, (Peachpit Press 1995).

Each prior art reference and systems (collectively for this subsection, "references") disclosed in the preceding Anticipation section and in this Obviousness section, either alone or in combination with other prior art, also renders the asserted claims of the '652 Patent invalid as obvious.

In addition, each anticipatory prior art reference and/or each additional prior art reference may be combined with (1) information known to persons skilled in the art at the time of the alleged invention, (2) any of the anticipatory prior art references, and/or (3) any of the additional prior art references identified above in this section to render these claims invalid as obvious.

Defendants hereby incorporate the description in the February 28, 2011 Invalidity

Contentions served by all above-named defendants summarizing the law regarding obviousness.

Because the '652 Patent simply arranges old elements with each performing the same function it had been known to perform and yields no more than what one would expect from such an arrangement, the combination is obvious. Further, in the prior art, there were well-recognized design needs and market pressures to present information to a user in the vicinity of a display device. Such design needs and market pressures provided ample reason to combine the prior art elements. *KSR*, 127 S. Ct. at 1742. Moreover, since there were a finite number of predictable solutions, a person of ordinary skill in the art had good reason to pursue the known options. *Id.* The above identified prior art references use those familiar elements for their primary or well-known purposes in a manner well within the ordinary level of skill in the art. Accordingly, common sense and knowledge of the prior art render the claims invalid under either § 102 or § 103.

Moreover, a person of ordinary skill would have been motivated to combine the above prior art based on the nature of the problem to be solved, the teachings of the prior art, and the knowledge of persons of ordinary skill in the art. The identified prior art addresses the same or similar technical issues and suggests the same or similar solutions to those issues. To the extent that Plaintiff challenges a combination of prior art with respect to a particular element,

Defendants reserve the right to supplement these contentions to further specify the motivation to combine the prior art. Defendants may rely on cited or uncited portions of the prior art, other documents, and expert testimony to establish that a person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify or combine the prior art so as to render the claims invalid as obvious.

Below are several examples of prior art combinations with respect to particular limitations. These prior art combinations are not exhaustive; rather, they are illustrative examples of the prior art combinations disclosed generally above. These exemplary combinations are alternatives to Defendants' anticipation and single reference obviousness contentions, and, thus, they should not be interpreted as indicating that any of the individual references included in the exemplary combinations are not alone in invalidating prior art under 35 U.S.C. §§ 102 and/or

1	103.
2	To the extent that Plaintiff contends that any of the above-identified prior art fails to
3	disclose one or more limitations of the asserted claims of the '652 Patent, Defendants reserve the
4	right to identify other prior art references that would render the claims obvious despite the
5	allegedly missing limitation. Defendants reserve all rights to supplement or modify these Joint
6	Invalidity Contentions and to rely on other references that prove invalidity of these claims in a
7	manner consistent with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Rules of this Court.
8	1. U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik, in view of one or more of the following:
9	o U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.
10	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella
11	o U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.
12	o U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.
13	o PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.
14	 The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide
15	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
16	o U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson
17	o U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
18	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.
19	o U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.
20	o U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.
21	o U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.
22	 U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.
23	o The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera
24	 Director Demystified, Jason Roberts
25	2. U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al., in view of one or more of the
26	following:
27	o U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik
28	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella

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1	 U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.
2	 U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.
3	 PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.
4	 The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide
5	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
6	 U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson
7	 U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
8	 U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.
9	 U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.
10	o U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.
11	 U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.
12	o U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.
13	 The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera
14	 Director Demystified, Jason Roberts
15	3. U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella, in view of one or more of the following:
16	 U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik
17	○ U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.
18	o U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.
19	o U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.
20	o PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.
21	 The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide
22	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
23	o U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson
24	o U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
25	 U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.
26	o U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.
27	o U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.

U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.

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1	 U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.
2	 The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera
3	 Director Demystified, Jason Roberts,
4	4. U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al., in view of one or more of the
5	following:
6	 U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik
7	 U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.
8	 U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella
9	 U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.
10	 PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.
11	 The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide
12	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
13	o U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson
14	 U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
15	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.
16	o U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.
17	o U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.
18	o U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.
19	o U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.
20	The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera
21	 Director Demystified, Jason Roberts
22	5. U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson, in view of one or more of the following:
23	 U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik
24	 U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.
25	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella
26	o U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.

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PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.

U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.

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1	o The C	Official America Online	for Windows To	ar Guide
2	o Nove	ll GroupWise Version 4.	.1 Reference for 1	Macintosh
3	o U.S. 1	Patent No. 5,819,284 to 1	Farber et al.	
4	o U.S. 1	Patent No. 5,796,967 to 1	Filepp et al.	
5	o U.S. 1	Patent No. 5,436,637 to	Gayraud et al.	
6	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,309,234 to 1	Kranawetter et al	
7	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,781,894 to 1	Petrecca et al.	
8	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,617,526 to	Oran et al.	
9	o The Z	Zephyr Notification Serv	ice, C. Anthony l	DellaFera
10	o Direc	tor Demystified, Jason F	Roberts	
11	6. U.S. Patent N	No. 5,740,549 to Reilly e	t al., in view of o	one or more of the following:
12	o U.S. 1	Patent No. 5,748,190 to	Kjorsvik	
13	o U.S. 1	Patent No. 5,913,040 to 1	Rakavy et al.	
14	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,796,945 to	Tarabella	
15	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,959,623 to	Van Hoff et al.	
16	o PCT	Publication No. WO 94/	30000 to Beaumo	ont et al.
17	o The C	Official America Online	for Windows To	ır Guide
18	o Nove	ll GroupWise Version 4.	.1 Reference for 1	Macintosh
19	o U.S. 1	Patent No. 5,572,643 to .	Judson	
20	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,819,284 to 1	Farber et al.	
21	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,796,967 to 1	Filepp et al.	
22	o U.S. 1	Patent No. 5,436,637 to	Gayraud et al.	
23	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,309,234 to 1	Kranawetter et al	
24	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,781,894 to 1	Petrecca et al.	
25	o U.S. 1	Patent No. 5,617,526 to	Oran et al.	
26	o The 2	Zephyr Notification Serv	ice, C. Anthony l	DellaFera
27	o Direc	tor Demystified, Jason F	Roberts	
28	7. PCT Publica	tion No. WO 94/30000 t	o Beaumont et al	., in view of one or more of
	Defendants' Amended Invalidity C with Respect to U.S. Patents Nos. 6			

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1	the following:
2	 U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik
3	o U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.
4	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella
5	o U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.
6	o U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.
7	 The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide
8	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
9	o U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson
10	o U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
11	 U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.
12	o U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.
13	 U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.
14	 U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.
15	o U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.
16	 The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera
17	 Director Demystified, Jason Roberts
18	8. The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide, in view of one or more of
19	the following:
20	 U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik
21	 U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.
22	 U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella
23	o U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.
24	o U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.
25	o PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.
26	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
27	o U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson
28	o U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
	Defendants' Amended Invalidity Contentions with Respect to U.S. Patents Nos. 6,034,652 and - 10 -

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1	11. U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al. in view of Director Demystified, Jason
2	Roberts
3	12. U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190
4	to Kjorsvik
5	13. U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to
6	Kjorsvik
7	14. U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to
8	Petrecca et al.
9	15. U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to
10	Kjorsvik
11	16. U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to
12	Petrecca et al.
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14	C. Enablement, Written Description, Indefiniteness Invalidity Under 35 U.S.C. § 112
15	indefiniteness invalidity Under 35 U.S.C. § 112
16	The Court's Standing Order for Patent Cases requires, for each asserted claim, the
17	identification of "any grounds for invalidity based on indefiniteness, enablement, or written
18	description under 35 U.S.C. § 112." Defendants provide below their preliminary invalidity
19	contentions on those three issues, for the asserted claims, preserving all other invalidity
20	contentions under other provisions of Section 112 (or any other Sections, such as Section 101),
21	and preserving all invalidity contentions for the non-asserted claims.
22	Defendants hereby incorporate the description in the February 28, 2011 Invalidity
23	Contentions served by all above-named defendants summarizing the law regarding § 112.
24	As Defendants best understand Plaintiff's Infringement Contentions at this time, certain
25	asserted claims of the '652 Patent fail to meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 112(2) and/or 35
26	U.S.C. § 112(1) for at least the following reasons.
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1. Indefiniteness Under 35 U.S.C. § 112(2)

a. Additional Legal Principles

To determine the proper scope of a mean-plus-function claim in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 112(6), a court must review the patent specification to identify what corresponding structure is disclosed as performing the claimed function. *Micro Chem., Inc. v. Great Plains Chem. Co.*, 194 F.3d 1250, 1257 (Fed. Cir. 1999). When a patent specification does not disclose an algorithm corresponding to a computer-enabled means-plus-function limitation, the claim necessarily fails to particularly point out and distinctly claim the invention as required by 35 U.S.C. § 112(2). *Finisar Corp. v. DirecTV Group, Inc.*, 523 F.3d 1323, 1340-41 (Fed. Cir. 2008), *cert. denied*, 129 S. Ct. 754 (2008); *Aristocrat Techs. Austl. Pty Ltd. v. Int'l Game Tech.*, 521 F.3d 1328, 1333-35 (Fed. Cir. 2008), *cert. denied*, 129 S. Ct. 754 (2008); *see also Blackboard, Inc. v. Desire2Learn Inc.*, 574 F.3d 1371, 1384 (Fed. Cir. 2009); *Net MoneyIN, Inc. v. Verisign, Inc.*, 545 F.3d 1359, 1367 (Fed. Cir. 2008).

While a patent claim that does not include the term "means" is not presumptively subject to § 112(6) and the algorithm disclosure requirements for computer-enabled functions, such a limitation will still be subject to 112(6) if "the claim term fails to recite sufficiently definite structure or else recites function without reciting sufficient structure for performing that function." *Massachusetts Inst. of Tech. and Elecs. for Imaging, Inc. v. Abacus Software*, 462 F.3d 1344, 1353 (Fed. Cir. 2006) (internal quotations and citations omitted); *see also, e.g., Welker Bearing Co. v. PHD, Inc.*, 550 F.3d 1090, 1096 (Fed. Cir. 2008) (ruling claim limitation reciting "a mechanism for moving ..." was a means-plus-function limitation despite not including the word "means" because "no adjective endows the claimed 'mechanism' with a physical or structural component"); *Inventio AG v. ThyssenKrupp Elevator Americas Corp.*, 718 F. Supp. 2d 529, 558-59 (D. Del. 2010) (holding claim term "computing unit" was a means-plus-function limitation because nothing in the claim language provided sufficient structure for any of the functions performed by the "computing unit").

b. **Indefinite Claims**

Independent Claim 4

1	Claim 4 and all claims dependent thereon fail to satisfy the requirements of § 112(2)
2	because each of the claim terms or phrases quoted below does not have a meaning that can be
3	clearly and definitely determined, and thus fails to put the public on notice of what is and is not
4	covered by the claims.
5	• "peripheral attention"
6	• "set of content data"
7	• "selectively displaying"
8	• "in an unobtrusive manner that does not distract a user of the apparatus from a
9	primary interaction with the apparatus"
10	• "control option(s)"
11	Claim 4 and all claims dependent thereon also fail to satisfy the requirements of § 112(2)
12	because the specification lacks a supporting disclosure of appropriate structure for performing the
13	claimed functions recited in the following means-plus-function limitations:
14	• "means for acquiring a set of content data from a content providing system"
15	• "means for selectively displaying on the display device, in an unobtrusive manner
16	that does not distract a user of the apparatus from a primary interaction with the
17	apparatus, an image or images generated from the set of content data"
18	• "means for displaying one or more control options with the display device while
19	the means for selectively displaying is operating"
20	• "means for controlling aspects of the operation of the system in accordance with a
21	selected control option"
22	Interval's own contentions confirm these are not supported by an appropriate disclosure
23	because Interval has asserted that the limitations cover processors "configured to execute
24	instructions" that perform the recited function.
25	Dependent Claims 5, 6, 7, 8, and 11
26	Claim 5 fails to satisfy the requirements of § 112(2) because each of the claim terms or
27	phrases quoted below does not have a meaning that can be clearly and definitely determined, and
28	thus fails to put the public on notice of what is and is not covered by the claims.
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1 "scheduling the display" 2 Claim 11 fails to satisfy the requirements of § 112(2) because each of the claim terms or 3 phrases quoted below does not have a meaning that can be clearly and definitely determined, and 4 thus fails to put the public on notice of what is and is not covered by the claims. 5 "establish(es) a link" 6 Claims 6, 7, and 8 fail to satisfy the requirements of § 112(2) because they include 7 unsupported means-plus-function limitations: 8 "means for scheduling the display of an image or images generated from a set of 9 content data" Independent Claim 15 10 11 Claim 15 and all claims dependent thereon fail to satisfy the requirements of § 112(2) 12 because each of the claim terms or phrases quoted below does not have a meaning that can be 13 clearly and definitely determined, and thus fails to put the public on notice of what is and is not 14 covered by the claims. "set of content data" 15 16 "attention manager" 17 "user interface installation instructions" 18 "content data scheduling instructions for providing temporal constraints" 19 "sequencing instructions" "display instructions" 20 21 "temporal constraints on the display" 22 "during operation of an attention manager" 23 Claim 15 and all claims dependent thereon also fail to satisfy the requirements of § 112(2) 24 because they include indefinite means-plus-function limitations, or whether interpreted as means-25 plus-function claims or not, they do not have a supporting disclosure of how the functions of the 26 claimed instructions are implemented. Although the term "means" is not present in the claim, the 27 claim limitations with the "instructions for/that" language fail to recite sufficient structure for 28 performing the functions as demonstrated below.

- 15 -

Defendants' Amended Invalidity Contentions

6,788,314 (10-cv-01385-MJP)

with Respect to U.S. Patents Nos. 6,034,652 and

Independent Claim 18

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To the extent claim 18 contains the same or similar limitations as identified above for claim 15, claim 18 likewise fails to satisfy the requirements of § 112(2).

Claim 18 also fails to satisfy the requirements of § 112(2) because each of the claim terms or phrases quoted below does not have a meaning that can be clearly and definitely determined, and thus fails to put the public on notice of what is and is not covered by the claims.

- "content data update instructions"
- "corresponds to a previously acquired set of content data"
- "audit instructions for monitoring usage of the content display system to selectively display an image or images generated from a set of content data"

Claim 18 also fails to satisfy the requirements of § 112(2) because it includes the additional indefinite means-plus-function limitations, or whether interpreted as means-plus-function claims or not, they do not have a supporting disclosure of how the functions of the claimed instructions are implemented.

- "content data update instructions for enabling acquisition of an updated set of content data from an information source that corresponds to a previously acquired set of content data"
- "operating instructions for beginning, managing and terminating the display on the display device of an image generated from a set of content data"
- "content display system scheduling instructions for scheduling the display of the image or images on the display device"
- "installation instructions for installing the operating instructions and content display system scheduling instructions on the content display system"
- "audit instructions for monitoring usage of the content display system to selectively display an image or images generated from a set of content data"

Interval's own infringement contentions demonstrate that it intends to assert that these limitations cover any instructions that perform the recited function.

2. Lack of Written Description Under 35 U.S.C. § 112(1)

Even if the terms identified in the preceding section are not determined to be means-plus-

function limitations, such terms are lacking a supporting disclosure of an algorithm to perform the recited function and are thus invalid as lacking a written description.

Dependent Claim 11

Claim 11 is invalid as lacking a supporting written description if interpreted as broadly as Interval's contentions because the limitation "establish a link with an information location" is not supported in the disclosure. To the extent Interval is asserting that this claim covers a link to an information location that it asserts is a source or otherwise provides the alleged notices or images, rather than another or additional location, this claim limitation is unsupported because the specification describes at most a link to an additional information source, not the source for the original content data.

Claims 15-18

To the extent Interval asserts these claims cover systems, methods or media that do not require the operation of some means to detect an idle period or other period of inactivity by the user, they are not supported by a written description, at least because the terms "temporal constraints on the display" and "during operation of an attention manager" require the same.

3. Lack of Enablement Under 35 U.S.C. § 112(1)

The terms identified above as lacking a supporting disclosure of an algorithm to perform the recited function are invalid as not enabled given their indeterminate scope.

Independent Claims 15, 17, and 18

In the alternative, the "instructions for [that]" limitations described above in section IV(C)(1)(b) for claims 15, 17, and 18 as invalid means-plus-function limitations are also invalid for lack of enablement under § 112(1). The functions the "instructions" must perform are not adequately disclosed such that a programmer of ordinary skill in the art could create the necessary "instructions" or software code without undue experimentation.

Dependent Claim 16

Claim 16 is invalid for lack of enablement under § 112(1) because it depends upon invalid claim 15.

V. THE '314 PATENT

A. Anticipation

Pursuant to P.R. 121, Defendants identify the following prior art now known to Defendants to anticipate one or more of the asserted claims of the '314 Patent under at least 35 U.S.C. §§ 102(a), (b), (e), and/or (g), either expressly or inherently as understood by a person having ordinary skill in the art. In some instances, Defendants have treated certain prior art as anticipatory where certain elements are inherently present, and in particular where elements are inherently present based on Plaintiff's apparent claim construction in its Infringement Contentions. Invalidity claim charts for these references with respect to the '314 Patent are attached to these Invalidity Contentions.

- 1. U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik (issued May 5, 1998)
- 2. U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al. (issued June 15, 1999)
- 3. U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella (issued August 18, 1998)
- 4. U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al. (issued September 28, 1999)
- 5. U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al., (issued April 14, 1998)
- 6. PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al. (published December 22, 1994)
- 7. The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide (2d ed. 1994)
- 8. Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh (1994)
- 9. Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on sale related to BackWeb, as exemplified by the Rakavy '040 patent and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants, Defendants believe that such a system was designed and developed by BackWeb before August 22, 1995, and may have been in public use or on sale by BackWeb before March 22, 1995.
- 10. Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on sale by AT&T Corp., as exemplified by the U.S. Patent No. Farber '284 patent and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants, Defendants believe that such a system was designed and developed by AT&T Corp. before March 24, 1995, and may

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- Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on 11. sale related to PointCast, as exemplified by the Reilly '549 patent and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants, Defendants believe that such a system was designed, and developed by PointCast, Inc., before June 12, 1995, and may have been in public use or on sale by PointCast, Inc., before March 22, 1995.
- 12. Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on sale related to AOL's email or instant messaging systems, as exemplified by "The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide" (2d ed. 1994) and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants, Defendants believe that such a system was designed and developed by AOL during or prior to 1994, and may have been in public use or on sale by AOL during or prior to 1994.
- 13. Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on sale related to the Zephyr Notification Service, as exemplified by "The Zephyr Notification Service," C. Anthony DellaFera, MIT 1988, and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants, Defendants believe that such a system was designed and developed by Ciarán Anthony DellaFera, Michael R. Gretzinger, Mark W. Eichin, Robert S. French, David C. Jedlinsky, John T. Kohl, and/or William E. Sommerfeld during or prior to 1986, and may have been in public use or on sale by Ciarán Anthony DellaFera, Michael R. Gretzinger, Mark W. Eichin, Robert S. French, David C. Jedlinsky, John T. Kohl, and/or William E. Sommerfeld before March 22, 1995.

В. **Obviousness**

Pursuant to P.R. 121, Defendants identify the following additional prior art references and systems now known to Defendants that either alone or in combination with other prior art (including any of the above-identified anticipatory prior art and the additional prior art disclosed in this section) render one or more of the asserted claims of the '314 Patent invalid as obvious under 35 U.S.C. § 103. Invalidity claim charts for these references with respect to the '314 Patent are also attached to these Invalidity Contentions. Defendants further identify combinations of

prior art (including any of the above-identified anticipatory prior art and the additional prior art disclosed in this section) that render one or more of the asserted claims of the '314 Patent invalid as obvious under 35 U.S.C. § 103. In certain instances, the suggested obviousness combinations are provided in the alternative to Defendants' anticipation contentions and are not to be construed to suggest that any reference included in the combinations is not by itself anticipatory.

- 1. U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson (issued November 5, 1996)
- 2. U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al. (issued October 6, 1998)
- 3. U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al. (issued August 18, 1998)
- 4. U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al. (issued July 25, 1995)
- 5. U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al. (issued May 3, 1994)
- 6. U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al. (issued July 14, 1998)
- 7. U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al. (issued April 1, 1997)
- 8. The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera, (MIT 1988)
- 9. Systems and methods invented, designed, developed and/or in public use or on sale related to DeskPicture by Peirce Software and subject to further discovery. Based upon information currently available to Defendants, Defendants believe that such a system was designed and developed by Peirce Software during or prior to 1993, and may have been in public use or on sale by Peirce Software during or prior to 1993.
- 10. Buying a Real Computer Monitor, Walter Salm, (Popular Electronics, October 1994)

Each prior art reference and systems (collectively for this subsection, "references") disclosed in the preceding Anticipation section and in this Obviousness section, either alone or in combination with other prior art, also renders the asserted claims of the '314 Patent invalid as obvious.

In addition, each anticipatory prior art reference and/or each additional prior art reference may be combined with (1) information known to persons skilled in the art at the time of the alleged invention, (2) any of the anticipatory prior art references, and/or (3) any of the additional prior art references identified above in this section to render these claims invalid as obvious.

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Defendants hereby incorporate the description in the February 28, 2011 Invalidity Contentions served by all above-named defendants summarizing the law regarding obviousness.

Because the '314 Patent simply arranges old elements with each performing the same function it had been known to perform and yields no more than what one would expect from such an arrangement, the combination is obvious. Further, in the prior art, there were well-recognized design needs and market pressures to present information to a user in the vicinity of a display device. Such design needs and market pressures provided ample reason to combine the prior art elements. KSR, 127 S. Ct. at 1742. Moreover, since there were a finite number of predictable solutions, a person of ordinary skill in the art had good reason to pursue the known options. *Id*. The above identified prior art references use those familiar elements for their primary or wellknown purposes in a manner well within the ordinary level of skill in the art. Accordingly, common sense and knowledge of the prior art render the claims invalid under either § 102 or § 103.

Moreover, a person of ordinary skill would have been motivated to combine the above prior art based on the nature of the problem to be solved, the teachings of the prior art, and the knowledge of persons of ordinary skill in the art. The identified prior art addresses the same or similar technical issues and suggests the same or similar solutions to those issues. To the extent that Plaintiff challenges a combination of prior art with respect to a particular element, Defendants reserve the right to supplement these contentions to further specify the motivation to combine the prior art. Defendants may rely on cited or uncited portions of the prior art, other documents, and expert testimony to establish that a person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify or combine the prior art so as to render the claims invalid as obvious.

Below are several examples of prior art combinations with respect to particular limitations. These prior art combinations are not exhaustive; rather, they are illustrative examples of the prior art combinations disclosed generally above. These exemplary combinations are alternatives to Defendants' anticipation and single reference obviousness contentions, and, thus, they should not be interpreted as indicating that any of the individual references included in the exemplary combinations are not alone invalidating prior art under 35 U.S.C. §§ 102 and/or 103.

1	To the extent that Plaintiff contends that any of the above-identified prior art fails to
2	disclose one or more limitations of the asserted claims of the '314 Patent, Defendants reserve the
3	right to identify other prior art references that would render the claims obvious despite the
4	allegedly missing limitation. Defendants reserve all rights to supplement or modify these Joint
5	Invalidity Contentions and to rely on other references that prove invalidity of these claims in a
6	manner consistent with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Rules of this Court.
7	1. U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik, in view of one or more of the following:
8	 U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.
9	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella
10	o U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.
11	 U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.
12	o PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.
13	 The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide
14	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
15	 U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson
16	o U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
17	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.
18	o U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.
19	 U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.
20	o U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.
21	o U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.
22	 The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera
23	 Buying a Real Computer Monitor, Walter Salm
24	2. U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al., in view of one or more of the
25	following:
26	○ U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik
27	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella
28	o U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.

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1	o U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.
2	o PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.
3	 The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide
4	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
5	o U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson
6	o U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
7	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.
8	o U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.
9	o U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.
10	o U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.
11	 U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.
12	 The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera
13	 Buying a Real Computer Monitor, Walter Salm
14	3. U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella, in view of one or more of the following:
15	 U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik
16	o U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.
17	o U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.
18	o U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.
19	 PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.
20	 The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide
21	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
22	o U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson
23	o U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
24	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.
25	o U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.
26	o U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.
27	o U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.
28	 U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.
	Defendants' Amended Invalidity Contentions with Respect to U.S. Patents Nos. 6 034 652 and 24 -

1	 The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera
2	 Buying a Real Computer Monitor, Walter Salm
3	4. U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al., in view of one or more of the
4	following:
5	o U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik
6	o U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.
7	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella
8	o U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.
9	o PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.
10	 The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide
11	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
12	o U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson
13	o U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
14	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.
15	o U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.
16	o U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.
17	o U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.
18	 U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.
19	 The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera
20	 Buying a Real Computer Monitor, Walter Salm
21	5. U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson, in view of one or more of the following:
22	 U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik
23	o U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.
24	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella
25	o U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.
26	o U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.
27	o PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.
28	 The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide
	D. C. J.

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1	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
2	o U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
3	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.
4	o U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.
5	o U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.
6	o U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.
7	 U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.
8	o The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera
9	o Buying a Real Computer Monitor, Walter Salm
10	6. U.S. Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al., in view of one or more of the following:
11	o U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik
12	o U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.
13	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella
14	o U.S. Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.
15	o PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.
16	o The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide
17	 Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh
18	o U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson
19	o U.S. Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.
20	o U.S. Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.
21	o U.S. Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.
22	o U.S. Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.
23	o U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.
24	 U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.
25	o The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera
26	o Buying a Real Computer Monitor, Walter Salm
27	7. PCT Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al., in view of one or more of
28	the following:
	Defendants' Amended Invalidity Contentions with Respect to U.S. Patents Nos. 6,034,652 and - 26 -

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1	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,748,190 to	o Kjorsvik	
2	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,913,040 to	o Rakavy et al.	
3	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,796,945 to	o Tarabella	
4	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,959,623 to	o Van Hoff et al.	
5	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,740,549 to	Reilly et al.	
6	o The C	The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide		
7	o Nove	Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh		
8	o U.S.	U.S. Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson		
9	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,819,284 to	o Farber et al.	
10	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,796,967 to	o Filepp et al.	
11	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,436,637 to	o Gayraud et al.	
12	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,309,234 to	o Kranawetter et a	l.
13	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,781,894 to	o Petrecca et al.	
14	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,617,526 to	o Oran et al.	
15	o The 2	Zephyr Notification Ser	rvice, C. Anthony	DellaFera
16	o Buyi	ng a Real Computer Mo	onitor, Walter Salı	n
17	8. The Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide, in view of one or more of			e, in view of one or more of
18	the following:			
19	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,748,190 to	o Kjorsvik	
20	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,913,040 to	o Rakavy et al.	
21	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,796,945 to	o Tarabella	
22	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,959,623 to	o Van Hoff et al.	
23	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,740,549 to	Reilly et al.	
24	o PCT	Publication No. WO 94	4/30000 to Beaum	ont et al.
25	o Nove	ell GroupWise Version	4.1 Reference for	Macintosh
26	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,572,643 to	o Judson	
27	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,819,284 to	o Farber et al.	
28	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,796,967 to	o Filepp et al.	
	Defendants' Amended Invalidity C with Respect to U.S. Patents Nos. 6			

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1	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.		
2	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.		
3	o U.S.	U.S. Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.		
4	o U.S.	U.S. Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.		
5	o The	The Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera		
6	o Buyi	Buying a Real Computer Monitor, Walter Salm		
7	9. Novell GroupWise Version 4.1 Reference for Macintosh, in view of one or more			
8	of the following:			
9	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik		
10	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al.		
11	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,796,945 to Tarabella		
12	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,959,623 to Van Hoff et al.		
13	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,740,549 to Reilly et al.		
14	o PCT	Publication No. WO 94/30000 to Beaumont et al.		
15	o The	Official America Online for Windows Tour Guide		
16	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,572,643 to Judson		
17	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,819,284 to Farber et al.		
18	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,796,967 to Filepp et al.		
19	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,436,637 to Gayraud et al.		
20	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,309,234 to Kranawetter et al.		
21	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,781,894 to Petrecca et al.		
22	o U.S.	Patent No. 5,617,526 to Oran et al.		
23	o The	Zephyr Notification Service, C. Anthony DellaFera		
24	o Buyi	ng a Real Computer Monitor, Walter Salm		
25	10. U.S. Patent	No. 5,748,190 to Kjorsvik in view of Buying a Real Computer		
26	Monitor, Walter Salm			
27	11. U.S. Patent	No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al. in view of Buying a Real Computer		
28	Monitor, Walter Salm			
	Defendants' Amended Invalidity			

1	12. U.S. Patent No. 5,913,040 to Rakavy et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,748,190 to
2	Kjorsvik
3	C. Enablement, Written Description,
4	Indefiniteness Invalidity Under 35 U.S.C. § 112
5	The Court's Standing Order for Patent Cases requires, for each asserted claim, the
6	identification of "any grounds for invalidity based on indefiniteness, enablement, or written
7	description under 35 U.S.C. § 112." Defendants provide below their preliminary invalidity
8	contentions on those three issues, for the asserted claims, preserving all other invalidity
9	contentions under other provisions of Section 112 (or any other Sections, such as Section 101),
10	and preserving all invalidity contentions for the non-asserted claims.
11	Defendants hereby incorporate the description in the February 28, 2011 Invalidity
12	Contentions served by all above-named defendants summarizing the law regarding § 112.
13	As Defendants best understand Plaintiff's Infringement Contentions at this time, certain
14	asserted claims of the '652 Patent fail to meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 112(2) and/or 35
15	U.S.C. § 112(1) for at least the following reasons.
16	1. Indefiniteness Under 35 U.S.C. § 112(2)
17	a. Additional Legal Principles
18	Defendants hereby incorporate section $IV(C)(1)(a)$.
19	b. Indefinite Claims
20	All Asserted Claims
21	All the asserted claims are indefinite because each of the claim terms or phrases quoted
22	below does not have a meaning that can be clearly and definitely determined, and thus fails to put
23	the public on notice of what is and is not covered by the claims.
24	• "peripheral attention"
25	• "set of content data"
26	• "selectively display [selectively displaying on the display device /apparatus that
27	effects selective display on the display device]
28	• "in an unobtrusive manner that does not distract a user of the apparatus from a
	Defendants' Amended Invalidity Contentions

1	primary interaction with the apparatus"	
2	• "engaging [enabling engagement of] the peripheral attention of a user"	
3	• "wherein the one or more sets of content data are selected from a plurality of sets	
4	of content data"	
5	"without the content data being aggregated"	
6	• "the respective content provider may provide"	
7	all the "instructions" limitations	
8	• control option(s) [claims 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, and 15]	
9	Independent Claim 3	
10	For the reasons discussed above in section IV(C)(1)(b) for claims 15, 17, and 18 of the	
11	'652 patent relating to the "instructions for/that" language, the following limitations fail to satisfy	
12	the requirements of § 112(2), rendering claim 3 and all claims dependent thereon indefinite.	
13	• "instructions for providing one or more sets of content data to a content display	
14	system associated with the display device and located entirely in the same physical	
15	location as the display device"	
16	• "instructions for providing to the content display system a set of instructions for	
17	enabling the content display system to selectively display, in an unobtrusive	
18	manner that does not distract a user of the display device or an apparatus	
19	associated with the display device from a primary interaction with the display	
20	device or apparatus, an image or images generated from a set of content data"	
21	• "instructions for auditing the display of sets of content data by the content display	
22	system"	
23	Independent Claim 7	
24	For the reasons discussed above in section IV (C)(1)(b) for claims 15, 17, and 18 of the	
25	'652 patent relating to the "instructions for/that" language, the following limitations fail to satisfy	
26	the requirements of § 112(2), rendering claim 7 and all claims dependent thereon indefinite.	
27	Although the term "means" is not present in the claim, the claim limitations with the	
28	"apparatus/device that" language fail to recite sufficient structure for performing the functions as	
	Defendants' Amended Invalidity Contentions	

demonstrated below.

- "data acquisition apparatus that enables acquisition of a set of content data"
- "display apparatus that effects selective display on the display device, in an
 unobtrusive manner that does not distract a user of the display device or an
 apparatus associated with the display device from a primary interaction with the
 display device or apparatus, of an image or images generated from the set of
 content data"
- "user input apparatus that enables selection by a user of one or more control
 options during the selective display of the image or images generated form the set
 of content data"
- "a system control device that controls aspects of the operation of the system in accordance with a selected control option"

Independent Claim 13

For the reasons discussed above in section IV(C)(1)(b) for claims 15, 17, and 18 of the '652 patent relating to the "instructions for/that" language, the following limitations fail to satisfy the requirements of § 112(2), rendering claim 13 and all claims dependent thereon indefinite.

- "instructions for acquiring a set of content data from a content providing system"
- "instructions for selectively displaying on the display device, in an unobtrusive
 manner that does not distract a user of the display device or an apparatus
 associated with the display device from a primary interaction with the display
 device or apparatus, an image or images generated from the set of content data"
- "instructions for enabling selection by a user of one or more control options during the selective display of the image or images generated from the set of content data"
- "instructions for controlling aspects of the operation of the system in accordance with a selected control option"

2. Lack of Written Description Under 35 U.S.C. § 112(1)

a. Additional Legal Principles

A negative limitation added to a claim to "carve out" subject matter to overcome a prior art rejection violates the written description requirement if it introduces new concepts. *See In re Xi*, 2008 WL 5232784, at *1-*3 (BPAI 2008) (determining a negative limitation to remove impurities from a chemical compound that was added to overcome a prior art rejection violated the written description requirement because the specification did not disclose that these impurities could not be present") (citing *Ex parte Grasselli*, 231 U.S.P.Q. 393, 394 (BPAI 1983) (finding the negatively claimed language "said catalyst being free of uranium and the combination of vanadium and phosphorous" in a product claim introduced new concepts because "the express exclusion of certain elements implies the permissible inclusion of all other elements not so expressly excluded"), *aff'd*, 738 F.2d 453 (Fed. Cir. 1983) (unpublished)).

b. **Invalid Claims**

All Asserted Claims

During prosecution, the following negative limitation was added to overcome prior art that allegedly aggregated content data at a single service node. Amendment D (10/28/2003) at 9-10. There is nothing in the specification to indicate that the patentee possessed an invention that prohibited remote aggregation of content data as claimed. In fact, the term "aggregation" fails to appear anywhere in the '314 specification, and there is nothing in the specification to suggest that content data can never be stored in a common remote location prior to being provided to a content display system. Therefore, the following negative limitation added to "carve out" subject matter from a prior art reference has no support in the specification and violates the written description requirement.

 "without the content data being aggregated at a common physical location remote from the content display system prior to being provided to the content display system"

All asserted claims are also invalid for failing to satisfy the written description because nowhere in the '314 specification is (i) the physical location of content providers, or (ii)

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with Respect to U.S. Patents Nos. 6,034,652 and - 34 -

6,788,314 (10-cv-01385-MJP)

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1 2 I certify that, on this 26th day of May, 2011, I caused to be served via e-mail Defendants' Invalidity Contentions with Respect to U.S. Patents Nos. 6,034,652 and 6,788,314 on all counsel 3 who have appeared in this action: 4 Attorneys for Plaintiff Interval Licensing LLC Matthew R. Berry (mberry@susmangodfrey.com) 5 Justin A. Nelson (jnelson@susmangodfrey.com) Edgar G. Sargent (esargent@susmangodfrey.com) 6 Max L. Tribble (mtribble@susmangodfrey.com) Nathan J. Davis (ndavis@hpcllp.com) 7 Eric J. Enger (eenger@hpcllp.com) Michael F. Heim (mheim@hpcllp.com) 8 Attorneys for AOL Inc. 9 Cortney S, Alexander (cortney.alexander@finnegan.com) Robert L. Burns (robert.burns@finnegan.com) 10 Elliott C. Cook (elliott.cook@finnegan.com) Gerald F. Ivey (gerald.ivey@finnegan.com) 11 Molly A. Terwilliger (mollyt@summitlaw.com) 12 Attorneys for Ebay Inc., NetFlix, Inc., Office Depot, Inc., and Staples, Inc. J. Christopher Carraway (chris.carraway@klarquist.com) 13 Kristin L. Cleveland (Kristin.cleveland@klarquist.com) Klaus H. Hamm (Klaus.hamm@klarquist.com) 14 Jeffrey S. Love (Jeffrey.love@klarquist.com) Derrick W. Toddy (derrick.toddy@klarquist.com) 15 John D. Vandenberg (john.vandenberg@klarquist.com) Arthur W. Harrigan (arthurh@dhlt.com) 16 Christopher T. Wion (chrisw@dhlt.com) 17 Attorneys for Facebook Inc. Christen M.R. Dubois (cdubois@cooley.com) 18 Christopher B. Durbin (cdurbin@cooley.com) Heidi L. Keefe (hkeefe@cooley.com) 19 Michael G. Rhodes (mrhodes@cooley.com) Elizabeth L. Stameshkin (lstameshkin@cooley.com) 20 Mark R. Weinstein (mweinstein@cooley.com) 21 Attorneys for Google Inc. and YouTube, LLC Scott A.W. Johnson (sawj@stokeslaw.com) 22 Aaron Chase (aaron.chase@whitecase.com) Dimitrios T. Drivas (ddrivas@whitecase.com) 23 John Handy (jhandy@whitecase.com) Warren S. Heit (wheit@whitecase.com) 24 Kevin X. McGann (kmcgann@whitecase.com) Wendi R. Schepler (wschepler@whitecase.com) 25 Attorneys for OfficeMax, Inc. 26 Jeffrey D. Neumeyer (jeffneumeyer@officemax.com) Kevin C. Baumgardner (kbaumgardner@corrcronin.com) 27 Steven W. Fogg (sfogg@corrcronin.com) John S. Letchinger (letchinger@wildmanharrold.com) 28 Douglas S. Rupert (rupert@wildman.com) **Defendants' Amended Invalidity Contentions** - 36 with Respect to U.S. Patents Nos. 6,034,652 and **6,788,31**4 (10-cv-01385-MJP)

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7	I further certify that, on this 26th day of May, 2011, I caused to be served via shared workspace and via FedEx Defendants' Supplemental Claim Charts accompanying their Amended Invalidity Contentions on Plaintiff's counsel.						
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